# STATE OF MICHIGAN THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT COUNTY OF WAYNE

Rose Root, City of Detroit Resident; Yolanda King, City of Detroit Resident; and Yvonne Ross City of Detroit Resident;

Plaintiffs,

٧.

The City of Detroit, Detroit City Council, and Dave Bing, in his capacity as Mayor of the City of Detroit,

Defendants.

HERBERT A. SANDERS (P-43031) THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C. Attorney for Plaintiffs 615 Griswold, Suite 913 Detroit, MI 48226

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# **COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF**

There is no other civil action between these parties arising out of the same transaction or occurrence as alleged in this complaint or pending in this Court, nor has any such action been previously filed and dismissed after having been assigned to a judge.

Plaintiffs, for their complaint seeking declaratory relief, and a permanent injunction based upon the declaratory relief sought herein, say:

# Parties, Venue and Jurisdiction

- Plaintiffs at all times relevant hereto, and currently, are residents of the City of Detroit, and citizens of the State of Michigan.
- 2. Defendant City of Detroit (hereinafter "the City") is a Michigan municipal corporation located in Wayne County.
- 3. The City of Detroit is a home rule city organized under PA 279 of 1909, as amended, the Home Rule City Act, MCL 117.1 et seq. (hereinafter "Act 279").
- 4. The City of Detroit has comprehensive home rule power under the State Constitution of 1963, Act 279 and the 2012 Charter of the City of Detroit (hereinafter the "2012 Detroit Charter"), subject to the limitations on the exercise of that power contained in the Constitution, Charter, or imposed by statute.
- 5. Defendant Detroit City Council consist of elected citizens of the City of Detroit serving in that capacity and with that authority given them in accordance with the State Constitution of 1963, Act 279 and the 2012 Detroit Charter.
- 6. Defendant Dave Bing, in his capacity as Mayor of the City of Detroit is an elected citizen of the City of Detroit serving in that capacity and with that authority given him in accordance with the State Constitution of 1963, Act 279 and the 2012 Detroit Charter.
- 7. Venue and jurisdiction are proper in this Court because plaintiff seeks declaratory and injunctive relief as to a purported contract entered into by the Defendants on behalf of the citizens of the City of Detroit, including the Plaintiffs.

# **General Allegations**

- 8. On or about April 9, 2012, the City and the State purported to enter into a contract entitled "Financial Stability Agreement" (hereinafter "the contract"). A copy of the Contract is attached as Exhibit A and made a part hereof. The contract was signed by Andy Dillon for the Treasury Department and as the State Financial Authority, by State of Michigan Governor, Richard D. Snyder, by City of Detroit Mayor Dave Bing, by City of Detroit Deputy Mayor, Kirk Lewis, acting for Mayor Dave Bing, and by members of the Financial Review Team for the City of Detroit. On April 4, 2011, the contract was approved by a resolution adopted by the Detroit City Council.
- 9. The contract states that it is made under the "comprehensive home rule and other powers, privileges and authority of the City to enter into Contracts on matters of municipal concern including, but not limited to, under Act 279, the Charter and other applicable law . . ."
- 10. Under Section 5(f) of the Home Rule City Act, MCL 117.5(f), the City "does not have the power . . .[t]o make a Contract with, or given an official position to, one who is in default."
- 11. Section 2-113 of the 2012 Detroit Charter provides: "The City of Detroit, through its executive branch departments and legislative branch agencies, is prohibited from making a Contract with, or giving an official position to, one who is in default to the City."
- 12. The phrase "in default to the City" used in section (f) of the *Home Rule City Act* and section 20113 of the 2012 Detroit City Charter, prohibits the City from making a contact with another person or entity if, at the point in time the contract is to be made

or given, the other contracting party has failed to meet a financial, contractual, or other obligation to the City, which includes but is not limited to past due utility charges, fines and other debts.

- 13. The City lacks the power to make a Contract with the State if at the time the contract was made, the State was in default to the City.
- 14. On and prior to Aril 1, 2012, the State was in default to the City.
- 15. As shown in part by the documents attached as Group Exhibit D, on and prior to April 1,2 012, the State was in default to the City on financial, contractual, and other obligations including, but not limited to:
  - a. \$39,730.58 past due on invoices for electrical services to the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation (Exhibit D1);
  - b. \$1,225.00 for delinquent parking violations for vehicles registered to the State
     of Michigan (Exhibit D2);
  - c. \$1,395,377.10 past due on invoices to the State of Michigan Department of
     Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation (Exhibit D3);
  - d. \$4,723,926.65 in unpaid charges for water and sewerage service at the State
     of Michigan Fairgrounds (Exhibit D4);
  - e. \$267,946.76 owed for the drainage of state highways (Exhibit D5); and
  - f. Revenue sharing monies owed by the State to the City in the amount of \$224,000,000.00, as was admitted to by Andy Dillon in January, 2012.
- 16. Plaintiff adopts by reference the allegations of paragraphs 1 through 15.

- 17. A dispute has arisen between Plaintiffs and Defendants as to the existence of authority for the Defendants to enter into the contract on behalf of Plaintiffs, and resultingly, whether there exist a valid contract between the City of Detroit and the State of Michigan.
- 18. There is no valid contract between the parties because, on or before the date when the contract was made, the State was in default to the city. See copies of letters sent to the State of Michigan which are attached as Group Exhibit B.
- 19. The State of Michigan contends that the State is not in default on any obligation to the City, and that even if it were, the Financial Stability Agreement is valid and enforceable. The States' position in that regard is set forth in a letter sent by Andy Dillon to the City of Detroit, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit C.
- 20. The *Financial Stability Agreement* imposes numerous costly and time consuming operational and financial obligations on the City, some of which have been implemented, and more of which are due to occur in the near future.
- 21. Based upon information and belief, a majority of the City Council do not want to take actions that will affect the health, safety, and welfare of Detroit's citizens under a contract that is void, unenforceable, or violates Section 2-113 of the 2012 Detroit City Charter.
- 22. An actual and existing controversy exists between the Plaintiffs and Defendants. A declaratory judgment is necessary to guide the future conduct of Defendants, and the result of that conduct upon the Plaintiffs, in order to preserve the plaintiff's legal rights.

23. For the reasons set forth above, plaintiffs seek a declaratory judgment that the contract is void and of no effect whatsoever, or such other relief as the Court deems just and appropriate.

# Count II – Injunctive Relief

- 24. Plaintiffs adopt, by reference, the allegations of paragraphs 6 through 21.
- 25. Should the Court grant plaintiff declaratory relief, and to the extent that it may be necessary, plaintiff seeks a permanent injunction restraining the Defendants from taking any action contrary to the declaration of rights sought by the plaintiff.
- 26. If the Court finds that the contract is void or otherwise unenforceable, the Plaintiffs will suffer immediate and irreparable harm if the Defendants or any officer or agency of the Defendants seek to enforce, pursue, or otherwise take action under the contract.
- 27. In order to ensure that complete and effective relief is afforded to the Plaintiffs, and should the Court grant Plaintiffs' request for declaratory judgment, the public interest would be served by issuance of a permanent injunction granting such relief as the Court deems just and necessary to effectuate the declaratory relief granted.

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs pray that this Honorable Court will declare the rights and responsibilities of the parties hereto and issue a declaratory judgment that the *Financial Stability Agreement* is void ab initio and unenforceable because the State of Michigan was in default to the City of Detroit at the time that the contract purportedly was made or entered into.

Plaintiffs further pray that upon making the foregoing declaration, but only to the extent that it may be necessary, that the Court permanently enjoin the Defendants from

taking any actions to enforce or pursue any terms, claims, rights or other obligations under the *Financial Stability Agreement*.

By:

HÉRBERT A. SANDERS (P-43031)

THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C.

Attorney for Plaintiffs

Dated: 6/29/14

# **PROOF OF SERVICE**

The undersigned certifies that a copy of the attached documents were served upon all parties and/or attorneys of record and the court Clerk to the respective business addresses by hand delivery on: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2012.

Signature:

E X H I B I T

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#### **FINANCIAL STABILITY AGREEMENT**

WHEREAS, the City of Detroit (the "City"), like many industrial cities throughout the United States, has experienced a prolonged period of economic change stretching over several decades which has eroded the quality of life of the City's residents and businesses; and

WHEREAS, the City currently confronts daunting challenges characterized by persistent and systemic fiscal imbalances and deficit conditions, aggravated by the deterioration in revenues received from property taxes, income taxes, interest earnings, utility revenues, and intergovernmental revenues resulting from the recent serious recession in the U.S. and Michigan economies; by the growth in the City's legacy costs concurrently with the City's diminished ability to carry such costs; and by the difficulty in rapidly restructuring the City's operations so as to bring short-term and long-term expenditures in line with current and projected revenues; and

WHEREAS, a financially stable and vibrant City is important as a catalyst for the State of Michigan's overall image and success in economic development, business attractiveness, quality of life, and a host of other factors; and

WHEREAS, fundamentally changing the City's current trajectory can restore the quality of life which families, businesses and visitors have a right to expect and enjoy; and

WHEREAS, the City, through the Mayor and City Council, seeks to pursue this long-term vision by achieving, first, financial stability for the City, and, second, a sustainable and stable platform for growth ensuring the City's financial integrity in a manner that enables the City to grow, prosper and thrive; and



WHEREAS, the People of the State of Michigan have required the establishment of the Department of Treasury as a principal department of state government under Section 3 of Article V of the State Constitution of 1963 (the "Treasury Department") and provided that the State Treasurer, a constitutional officer appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Michigan Senate (the "State Treasurer"), shall serve as the head of the Department, which is vested with responsibilities related to local government finance, budgeting and administration under state law; and

WHEREAS, the City is a political subdivision of the State of Michigan organized as a body corporate under Act 279, Public Acts of Michigan, 1909, as amended, the Home Rule City Act ("Act 279"), with the People of Detroit having created and provided for their continuing control of the municipal government of the City by adopting a Home Rule Charter of the City of Detroit (the "Charter"), and the People of the State of Michigan conferring comprehensive home rule power to the City through the State Constitution of 1963, subject to the limitations on the exercise of that power contained in the Constitution or the Charter, or imposed by statute;

WHEREAS, the Treasury Department desires to undertake jointly with the City efforts for the betterment of the residents of the City and the State of Michigan (the "State") as a whole through the adoption of this Financial Stability Agreement (this "Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, as a commitment to the long-term cooperative process established in this Agreement, the Mayor and the City Council desire to authorize and perform certain initial restructuring actions detailed herein with the Treasury Department; and

WHEREAS, the City is in need of specific and targeted operational and technical support and consultation in such areas as information technology, payroll and accounting, financial recordkeeping and reporting, internal controls, data management and analytics, enterprise application implementation, actuarial analysis and benefits management, State and federal grant management, revenue assessment and forecasting, and other areas; and

WHEREAS, this Agreement contains the terms and conditions authorizing a cooperative undertaking between public agencies for efficiently restructuring the City's operations and tackling the City's systemic issues and accumulated deficit with the goals of (i) ensuring that the City remains a safe and secure environment where residents and visitors can live and work, (ii) promoting the delivery of quality, efficient, and effective public services to residents and businesses, and (iii) creating a civic culture and environment that attracts as well as retains investment, businesses, jobs and new residents to the City and the State; and

WHEREAS, approval of this Agreement is intended to reaffirm the role of the Clty's executive and legislative branches under the Charter in the development of the strategy, policies and long-term vision of a revitalized City; and

WHEREAS, under this Agreement the City and the Treasury Department agree to jointly exercise powers relating to public finance, budgeting, and administration that they share in common and that each may exercise separately, including, but not limited to, the powers, privileges and authorities of the Treasury Department to protect the credit of the State and municipalities in the State, and to aid, advise and consult with the municipalities with respect to fiscal questions and certain other matters under Act 34,

Public Acts of Michigan, 2001, as amended, the Revised Municipal Finance Act ("Act 34"), and to require local units of government to agree to plans to correct deficit conditions under Act 140, Public Acts of Michigan, 1971, as amended, the Glenn Steil State Revenue Sharing Act of 1971 ("Act 140"), and under other applicable law; and the power and authority of the City under Act 34 and Act 140 in respect of the foregoing, and the comprehensive home rule and other powers, privileges and authority of the City to enter into contracts on matters of municipal concern including, but not limited to, under Act 279, the Charter, and other applicable law; and

WHEREAS, under Act 140 the City previously has submitted to the Treasury

Department a "financial plan" (sometimes referred to as a "deficit elimination plan")

within the meaning of Act 140; and

WHEREAS, this Agreement shall update, supplement and restate the City's deficit elimination plan currently on file with the Treasury Department, as the same may be modified from time to time, and constitutes the City's request that the Treasury Department assist and cooperate with the City in the joint formulation of the financial plan to correct the City's deficit condition.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereby agree as set forth below. Without limiting the foregoing, the City, through its Mayor (the holder of such office at any given time, the "Mayor") and the City Council of the City of Detroit (the holders of such offices, collectively, at any given time, the "City Council"), hereby agree and promise to undertake the steps outlined in this Agreement in consideration of and reliance upon: (i) subject to the terms of this Agreement, the Treasury Department maintaining existing discretionary state revenue sharing initiatives and agreements under Act 140; (ii) subject to the terms of this Agreement, the City's continuing ability to issue new

municipal securities with appropriate approvals under Act 34 until such time as the City achieves "qualified status;" (iii) subject to the terms of this Agreement, the City's ability to obtain additional financing pursuant to Act 243, Public Acts of Michigan, 1980, as amended, the Emergency Municipal Loan Act ("Act 243") with appropriate approvals; and (iv) the other agreements and commitments made herein by and on behalf of the Treasury Department.

#### 1. FINANCIAL ADVISORY BOARD

- 1.1. Establishment and Purpose.
- (a) Pursuant to this Agreement and applicable law, a financial advisory board (the "Financial Advisory Board") shall be immediately established to administer and execute this Agreement. The Financial Advisory Board shall be a public body politic and an intergovernmental entity that is neither a commission, board or council of the City nor a commission, board or council of the State.
- (b) The parties agree that the City is in need of specific and targeted operational and technical support and consultation in such areas as information technology, payroll and accounting, financial recordkeeping and reporting, internal controls, data management and analytics, enterprise application implementation, actuarial analysis and benefits management, State and federal grant management, revenue assessment and forecasting, and other areas the City may identify from time to time (the "Support Subjects"). In response to those needs, the Financial Advisory Board is charged with: (a) consulting with and assisting the City regarding implementation of systems and improvements in the Support Subjects; (b) monitoring and reporting upon the City's ongoing financial performance; (c) making certain findings and recommendations to and assisting the City with the City's preparation,

implementation and execution of an annual Triennial Budget and General Appropriations Act (as described in Section 3.7 of this Agreement, the "Triennial Budget"), which shall include the City's annual Budget (defined below); (d) assisting the City in achieving Financial Stability (defined below); (e) monitoring compliance with this Agreement; and (f) taking certain actions respecting, and pursuing remedies for, non-compliance with this Agreement as provided in this Agreement.

- 1.2. <u>Composition</u>. The Financial Advisory Board shall be composed of nine members, each of whom shall possess professional qualifications in the Support Subjects and character suitable for the rendering of well-informed judgments within the context of highly complex transactions. The initial Financial Advisory Board shall be appointed by the Governor of the State of Michigan (the holder of such office at any given time, the "Governor"), the Mayor, the City Council, and the State Treasurer (for purposes of this Section 1.2, each respectively an "Appointing Entity") as follows:
  - (a) Three individuals appointed by the Governor:
  - (b) Two individuals appointed by the Mayor;
  - (c) Two individuals appointed by the City Council:
  - (d) One individual appointed jointly by the Governor and the Mayor and subject to confirmation by the City Council; and
  - (e) One individual appointed by the State Treasurer.

Each member of the Financial Advisory Board (any such member, a "Member") shall possess at least ten years' experience with one or more of (a) sophisticated municipal financial transactions, (b) Support Subjects in the context of distress and transition environments, (c) complex, multi-dimensional governmental restructurings, (d) governmental labor relations, health care benefits and/or pension matters, or (e) local government management with government units having consolidated revenues of \$250

million or more. Prior to appointment of an individual as a Member, the Appointing Entity shall request independent confirmation that the individual possesses the qualifications required under this Section 1.2 from the Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants or the Michigan Government Finance Officers Association.

Members shall not be officers or employees of the City or the State, or of the Mayor's executive staff, or a member or former member of the City Council. The terms of all Members shall be three years, provided that of the members initially appointed (a) of the Members identified in Section 1.2(a), one shall be appointed for an initial 24month term and one shall be appointed for an initial 12-month term; (b) of the Members identified in Section 1.2(b), one shall be appointed for an initial 24-month term; (c) of the Members identified in Section 1.2(c), one shall be appointed for an initial 12-month term; and (d) the Member identified in Section 1.2(d) shall be appointed for an initial 12month term; and provided further that one of the Members identified in Section 1.2(c) and the Member identified in Section 1.2(e) shall be appointed to and serve at the will of the respective Appointing Entity (the "At-Will Members"). After the initial appointments, subsequent appointments shall be made in the same manner as the original appointment. Vacancies shall be filled by the Appointing Entity for the balance of the unexpired term. Excepting the At-Will Members, Members may only be removed by the respective Appointing Entity for Cause. "Cause" means misfeasance, malfeasance, gross neglect of duty, corrupt conduct in office, pleading to or conviction of a felony, absence from 3 consecutive meetings without being formally excused, or at the discretion of the Appointing Entity, absence from more than 15% of meetings within a calendar year. Upon the formation of the Financial Advisory Board and thereafter, the Governor and the Mayor shall jointly designate a Member to serve as the Chair of the

Financial Advisory Board (the "Board Chair"). The Board Chair shall serve as such officer at the will of the Governor and the Mayor.

1.3 <u>Compensation</u>. Members shall be entitled to annual compensation in the amount of \$25,000.00 (such compensation, the "<u>Annual Compensation</u>") during their terms of service, <u>provided that</u> (a) such Annual Compensation shall be payable in four equal installments on a quarterly basis, (b) such Annual Compensation shall be prorated as necessary in the event that a Member serves less than a full quarter for any reason, and (c) a Member may elect to serve without compensation by notifying the Board Chair of the election in writing within 30 days of his or her appointment and while serving without compensation shall not be considered employed by the Board, the City or the Treasury Department.

All Members shall be entitled to reimbursement of actual, reasonable, necessary and documented expenses in accordance with applicable standards in force for State employees and appointees (including, but not limited to, expenses related to travel, meals and lodging) incurred in connection with their service as Members of the Financial Advisory Board (such expenses, the "Reimbursable Expenses"). The City shall be responsible for the payment of each Member's Annual Compensation, with 50% of each Member's Annual Compensation reimbursed by the Treasury Department. The City shall be responsible for the payment of each Member's Reimbursable Expenses of up to \$3,000.00 each, with 50% of each Member's Reimbursable Expenses of up to \$3,000.00 reimbursed by the Treasury Department. Reimbursable Expenses for each Member in excess of \$3,000.00 may be 100% reimbursed by the Treasury Department but only with the approval of the State Treasurer. Reimbursement shall be made by the Treasury Department no later than the earlier of (a) 45 days after

the submission by the City of an invoice for such reimbursement to the Treasury Department or (b) the close of the same State fiscal year in which such payments are made and (ii) incorporated in the Budget (defined below), provided that neither the State, the City, the Treasury Department nor any other entity shall be responsible for the payment of any Reimbursable Expense that is not evidenced by a copy of the corresponding receipt. The Financial Advisory Board shall adopt procedures and policies having the objective of using current technology, communication and other means to constrain Reimbursable Expenses to the extent reasonably practicable.

# 1.3a Standards of Conduct, Conflicts of Interest and Ethics

- (a) Members of the Financial Advisory Board are public officials in a position of public trust. Upon appointment, each Member shall take the constitutional oath of office under Article XI, § 1 of the State Constitution of 1963.
- (b) Members of the Financial Advisory Board are public servants subject to the provisions of Act 317, Public Acts of Michigan, 1968, as amended ("Act 317"), pertaining to contracts of public servants with public entities.
- (c) Within thirty (30) days of its initial meeting, the Financial Advisory Board shall adopt a Standards of Conduct, Conflicts of Interest and Ethics Policy ("Policy"). The Policy shall be designed to assure that governmental decisions are made in the public's best interest by prohibiting members of the Board and its employees and contractors from participating in matters that affect their personal or financial interests. The Policy shall be no less stringent than requirements under (a) Act 317; (b) Act 196, Public Acts of Michigan, 1973, as amended; and (c) Section 2-106 et seq. of the Charter. The Policy also shall include, without limitation, all of the following:

- (i) Provision for the reasonable disclosure of substantial financial interests held by any Member or employee of the Board who regularly exercises significant authority over the approval or renewal of any contracts.
- (ii) Standards of conduct designed to assure the ethical behavior of Members and employees and contractors of the Board.
- (iii) A Member or employee or agent of the Board shall discharge the duties of his or her position in a nonpartisan manner, with good faith, and with that degree of diligence, care, and skill which an ordinarily prudent person would exercise under similar circumstances in a like position. In discharging the duties, a Member or an employee or agent, when acting in good faith, may rely upon the opinion of counsel for the Board, upon the report of an independent appraiser selected with reasonable care by the Board, or upon financial statements of the Board or the City represented to the Member or employee or agent of the Board to be correct by the person having charge of its books or account, or stated in a written report by a certified public accountant or firm of certified public accountants fairly to reflect the financial condition of the Board or the City.
- (iv) A Member shall not make, participate in making, or in any way attempt to use his or her position as a Member to influence a decision providing a personal, family or business benefit to the Member.
- (v) A Member or employee or agent of the Board shall not engage in any conduct that constitutes a conflict of interest and shall immediately advise the Board Chair in writing of the details of any incident or circumstances that may present the existence of a conflict of interest with respect to the performance of the Board-related

work or duty of the member, employee, or agent. The Board Chair will immediately advise the Treasurer and the Mayor of any personal conflict of interest.

- (vi) A Member with a conflict of interest related to any matter before the Board shall disclose the conflict of interest before the Board takes any action with respect to the matter, which disclosure shall become a part of the record of the Board's official proceedings. The member with the conflict of interest shall refrain from doing all of the following with respect to the matter that is the basis of the conflict of interest:
  - (A) Voting in the Board's proceedings related to the matter.
  - (B) Participating in the Board's discussion of and deliberation on the matter.
- (C) Being present at the meeting of the Board when the discussion, deliberation, and voting on the matter take place.
  - (D) Discussing the matter with any other Member.
- (vii) Members may not directly or as a result of their affiliation with other organizations do business with the City, have any contracts with the City, respond to any RFPs or seek or be seeking any no-bid contracts (pending or future), nor have immediate family or "close kin" relationships with officers or employees of the City.
- (ix) Members may not have or acquire financial interest in any property or asset owned by the City, nor have an interest in any provider of goods and services to the City, unless such interest comes through ownership of publicly-traded shares constituting not more than 0.1% ownership in such provider.
- (x) Members will be required to formally attest to their independence and understanding of the Standards of Conduct, Conflicts of Interest and Ethics Policy.
- (xl) Except as otherwise provided by applicable law, Members or employees or agents of the Board shall not knowingly:

- A. Willfully or grossly neglect the discharge of his or her duties;
- B. Use or disclose confidential information concerning the property, government or affairs of the Board not available to members of the public and gained by reason of his or her official position;
- C. Engage in or accept private employment or render services when such employment or service is in conflict or incompatible with the proper discharge of his or her official duties or would tend to impair his or her Independence of judgment or action in the performance of official duties;
- D. Represent a private person, business or organization in any action or proceeding pending before the Board or the City or any office, department or agency thereof.
- E. Vote or otherwise participate in the approval of any contract, or any other type of transaction, with any business entity in which he or she or an immediate family member has a financial interest; or
- F. Use his or her official position, in violation of applicable law, to improperly influence a decision of the Board, the Mayor, City Council members, City Clerk, appointees or other City employees.
- G. Attempt to influence any decision to fill a position in City government with an immediate family member.
- (xii) A Member shall not accept gifts, gratuities, honoraria, or other things of value from any person or company doing business or seeking to do business with the City or the Board, is seeking official action from the City or the Board, has interests that could be substantially affected by the performance of the person's official duties, except as specifically provided in the Policy.

- (xiii) The Policy may, by reference, incorporate ethics policies of the City that impact the Board.
- (xiv) By a vote of six members of the Board, the Board may waive a portion of this Policy on a case-by-case basis when the Board determines a waiver is in the public interest.
  - 1.4 Board Organizational Matters. The Financial Advisory Board may:
  - (a) Adopt rules of procedure governing the conduct of its business, including, but not limited to, the (i) Identification of the responsibilities of the Board Chair (which will include the role of chairing Revenue Conferences (defined below)), (ii) appointment of its officers as necessary and appropriate and (lii) adoption of specific procedures governing the Board's performance of its purposes described in this Agreement.
  - (b) Hire, employ, appoint and/or supervise professional staff to assist in the completion of its duties and to assist State and local officials. The City shall be responsible for the payment of all reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Financial Advisory Board in connection with such professionals' services up to an annual maximum of not more than \$250,000.00 or such other amount as shall be agreed to by the City and the Treasury Department, with 50% of all such payments by the City to be (i) reimbursed by the Treasury Department no later than the earlier of (a) 45 days after the submission by the City of an invoice for such reimbursement to the Treasury Department or (b) the close of the same State fiscal year in which such payments are made; and (li) incorporated in the Budget (defined below).
  - (c) Enter into contracts to assist in the completion of its duties and sue and be sued in its own name.
  - (d) Obtain appropriate levels of insurance for its Members, including director and officer insurance or its equivalent. The Treasury Department shall be responsible for the payment of all reasonable premiums and expenses incurred by the Financial Advisory Board in connection with such insurance.
- 1.5 <u>Board Authority</u>. Consistent with this Agreement and applicable law, the Financial Advisory Board shall have authority to do all of the following:
  - (a) Recommend financial and operational metrics by which the City's financial performance and operations shall be monitored and evaluated consistent with best management practices for local government entities.

- (b) Monitor the City's financial and operational performance and the timely implementation of the Triennial Budget consistent with the terms of this Agreement and periodically advise the Governor, the Mayor, and the City Council of the Board's conclusions. Reports of the Financial Advisory Board under this subsection shall be made available to the public.
- (c) Evaluate the City's existing debt structure and recommend means of achieving rating and credit improvements; and, from and after July 20, 2012, receive from the Mayor, and review, assist, and advise prior to submission to City Council by the Mayor, (i) any material capital markets transaction (including transactions involving new or existing swaps) proposed to be entered into by the City (including, but not limited to, any proposed exchange offers), and (ii) any proposed changes to the City's debt structure or restructuring of the City's outstanding debt; and assist, advise and provide technical support to the City in respect to ratings presentations and other presentations to third-party capital markets participants.
- (d) With respect to debt instruments, securities, financing leases, installment contracts and other financial instruments or securities which are not otherwise subject to Treasury Department approval under Act 34, review and approve or disapprove the issuance of such instruments following City Council approval of appropriate authorizing resolutions or ordinances.
- (e) Provide assistance, advice and technical support to the City in respect of the Support Subjects and in the preparation of the City's annual proposed operating and capital budgets (any such budget a "Budget") and the Triennial Budget. The Budget shall be prepared on a consistent basis with the Triennial Budget.
- (f) As part of the Revenue Estimation process under Sections 3.1 and 3.2 of and Annex C to this Agreement, review and approve the Revenue Estimation, including any Set-Aside (defined below) for deficit reduction or budget stabilization, to be included in the Budget to be prepared by the Mayor.
- (g) Review, assist, advise and comment to the Mayor and City Council on the financial impact of (i) any proposed amendment or modification to any material contracts to which the City is party (including, but not limited to, the Support Subjects), (ii) any proposed sale of any material asset of the City, and (iii) any other proposed action by the City that could have a material impact on the financial condition of the City.
- (h) Receive from the Mayor or City Council, and review, assist, advise and make recommendations regarding any plan or proposed transaction related to the consolidation, disposition or elimination of City departments, including with respect to the impact of such transactions on the Triennial Budget.
- Receive from the Mayor or City Council, and review, assist, advise and make recommendations regarding proposed changes to the organizational

- structure of the City involving any positions appointed by or that report directly to the Mayor or City Council.
- (j) Receive from the Mayor, and review, evaluate, analyze and comment on proposed judgment levies before submission to a court pursuant to Public Act 236 of 1961, the Revised Judicature Act of 1961.
- (k) Monitor the performance by the City and the Treasury Department of compliance with this Agreement.
- (I) Take remedial steps set forth in Section 6.3 of this Agreement in the event of a determination by the Board of a material breach of this Agreement under Section 6.2 of this Agreement; supervise the Program Management Director's (defined below) actions in the event of a Reform Default (defined below) as provided in Section 6.4 of this Agreement; and exercise the authority assigned to it by the Mayor and the City Council to take certain additional actions under this Agreement in the event of a material breach of this Agreement.
- (m) Consent to the approval of City settlements of claims as provided in Section 5.1 of this Agreement.
- 1.6 Quorum and Voting. A majority of the members of the Financial Advisory Board appointed and serving shall constitute quorum. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the Financial Advisory Board may act by a majority vote of its Members present and voting, provided that a declaration of a default under Section 6.2 of this Agreement or of a Reform Default under Section 6.4 of this Agreement shall require a majority vote of all Members then in office.
- 1.7 <u>Meetings</u>. The Financial Advisory Board shall be subject to and comply with Act 267, Public Acts of Michigan, 1976, as amended, the Open Meetings Act.
- 1.8. <u>Procurement</u>. The Financial Advisory Board shall adopt rules and/or regulations governing its procurement practices. As an intergovernmental entity, the Financial Advisory Board is not subject to City rules and/or regulations governing procurement activities or requirements applicable to procurement by State departments or agencies. The City's and Treasury Department's aggregate obligation for all costs and expenses incurred by the Financial Advisory Board, inclusive of procurement, shall

not exceed \$1,000,000.00 each per year unless otherwise expressly agreed to by the Mayor, the City Council and the Treasury Department.

1.9. Taxes and Incurring Debt. The Financial Advisory Board is not authorized under this Agreement to levy any type of tax within the boundaries of the City or to in any way indebt the City, except as otherwise expressly authorized in this Agreement. The Financial Advisory Board is not authorized under this Agreement to in any way indebt the Treasury Department or the State.

# 2. THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL

2.1 Powers and Authority. The Mayor and the City Council shall continue to exercise all such powers, privileges and authorities as are granted to each under the Charter and applicable law. The Mayor and the City Council each have determined, in the exercise of their discretion and in furtherance of the joint exercise of power and cooperative undertaking detailed in this Agreement, to restrain their respective exercise of powers, privileges and authorities in certain circumstances as provided in this Agreement.

#### 2.2 Chief Financial Officer.

(a) Within 7 days after the effective date of this Agreement, the Mayor shall create the position of Chief Financial Officer as a group executive within the executive office of the Mayor. The Chief Financial Officer shall supervise all finance and budget activities of the City, shall report directly to the Mayor, and shall be physically housed in the executive office of the Mayor. The Chief Financial Officer shall directly assist the Chief Operating Officer, the Program Management Director and other Directors, senior executive staff and financial staff on all strategic and tactical matters as they relate to budget management, financial management, financial reporting, cost benefit analysis,

forecasting needs, the securing of new funding, and adherence to the Budget and the Triennial Budget. The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for completing a comprehensive examination of the Budget in order to improve services and promote efficiency. The Directors of the Budget Department and the Finance Department shall report directly to the Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer shall be treated as a "Director" for purposes of Sec. 5-103 of the Charter provided that the Chief Financial Officer shall be appointed for a term of 5 years and shall be removed by the Mayor only for Cause. Removal shall be subject to the consent of the City Council and the Financial Advisory Board, in each case acting by a majority vote of the members then elected or appointed and serving.

Officer, the Mayor shall appoint a Chief Financial Officer from a list of not less than 3 candidates agreed to between the Mayor and the State Treasurer as constitutional appointee of the Governor. Candidates shall have substantial experience with at least 2 of the following disciplines: (a) sophisticated municipal financial transactions, (b) Support Subjects In the context of distress and transition environments, (c) complex, multi-dimensional governmental restructurings, (d) governmental labor relations, health care benefits and/or pension matters, and (e) local government management with government units having aggregated revenues of \$250 million or more. No then currently serving or former elected official of the City or currently serving elected official of the State may be appointed Chief Financial Officer. No then currently serving appointee of the Mayor's executive office, of the Governor's executive office, or of the City Council may be appointed Chief Financial Officer. In the event of a vacancy in the office of Chief Financial Officer, the Mayor immediately shall appoint an interim Chief

Financial Officer with substantially the same qualifications as required by this Section 2.2(b) for the Chief Financial Officer. Within 60 days of the occurrence of the vacancy, the Mayor shall appoint a successor Chief Financial Officer from a list of 3 candidates agreed to between the Mayor and the State Treasurer as constitutional appointee of the Governor as set forth above. The Chief Financial Officer from time to time may propose amendments to the projects, priorities and timing set forth on Annex B to the Mayor, the City Council and the Financial Advisory Board for consideration, with notice to the Treasury Department. The Chief Financial Officer's compensation shall be agreed to between the Mayor and the State Treasurer as constitutional appointee of the Governor and the City Council shall approve such amendments to the City's 2011-2012 Official Compensation Schedule (the "White Book") as necessary to reflect the agreed-to compensation.

#### 2.3 Program Management Office; Director.

create the Program Management Office within the executive office of the Mayor, headed by the position of Program Management Director as a group executive. The Program Management Office shall implement the Reform Program (defined below) projects set forth on Annex B, as amended and updated from time to time (the "Reform Initiatives" and each a "Reform Initiative"). The Program Management Director shall report directly to the Mayor, and shall be physically housed in the executive office of the Mayor. The Program Management Director shall supervise each Reform Initiative and shall have primary responsibility for designing, developing, managing, implementing and executing each Reform Initiative, including acting in the place and stead of the Mayor and the City Council with respect to a Reform Initiative in the event that the Financial Advisory Board

finds a Reform Default of this Agreement in respect of a Reform Initiative, as provided in and subject to Section 6.4 of this Agreement. The Program Management Director shall coordinate implementation of the Reform Initiatives with the Chief Operating Officer and the Chief Financial Officer to minimize disruptions in City services resulting from the Reform Initiatives. The Program Management Director from time to time may propose amendments to the projects set forth on Annex B to the Mayor, the City Council and the Financial Advisory Board for consideration, with notice to the Treasury Department.

- Management Director, the Mayor shall appoint an individual as Program Management Director, the Mayor shall appoint an individual as Program Management Director from a list of not less than 3 candidates agreed to between the Mayor and the State Treasurer as constitutional appointee of the Governor. Candidates shall have not less than fifteen years' experience with 1 or more of (a) Support Subjects in the context of distress and transition environments, (b) complex, multi-dimensional governmental restructurings, or (c) local government management with government units having consolidated revenues of \$250 million or more. No then currently serving or former elected official of the City or currently serving elected official of the State may be appointed Program Management Director. No then currently serving appointee of the Mayor's executive office, of the Governor's executive office, or of the City Council may be appointed Program Management Director.
- (c) The Program Management Director shall directly assist the Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and other Directors and senior executive staff, and shall be treated as a "Director" for purposes of Sec. 5-103 of the Charter provided that the Program Management Director shall be appointed for a term of 5 years and shall be removed by the Mayor only for Cause. Removal shall be subject to

the consent of the City Council and the Financial Advisory Board, in each case acting by a majority vote of the members then elected or appointed and serving. In the event of a vacancy in the office of Program Management Director, the Mayor, within 60 days of the occurrence of the vacancy, shall appoint a successor Program Management Director from a list of not less than 3 candidates agreed to between the Mayor and the State Treasurer as constitutional appointee of the Governor. The Program Management Director's compensation shall be agreed to between the Mayor and the State Treasurer as constitutional appointee of the Governor, and the City Council shall approve such amendments to the White Book as necessary to reflect the agreed-to compensation.

(d) The Program Management Director shall make periodic reports to the City Council, as requested by the City Council but no less often than monthly, in respect of the Reform Initiatives.

# 2.4 <u>Implementation of Phase I Reform.</u>

(a) The City desires to implement a number of actions in fiscal years 2012 and 2013 including, but not limited to, the development and Implementation of the City's "Operational Reform Program" attached hereto as Annex B (the "Phase I Reform"). The Mayor and/or City Council may make modifications to Annex B from time to time, and shall promptly make modifications which are required to efficiently accomplish the Reform Program (defined below), including establishing measurable outcomes and metrics and establishing specific program timelines, with the approval of the Financial Advisory Board. In the event that the Mayor and City Council cannot agree to modifications to Annex B, the Financial Advisory Board may modify Annex B but only with the consent of either the Mayor or the City Council.

- (b) By approval of this Agreement, the City Council has approved of the "Operational Reform Program" attached hereto as Annex B and authorized its implementation. The City Council shall make such other changes in ordinances and resolutions and coordinate its staff as may be necessary or convenient to fully implement Annex B as contemplated by this Agreement, as well as approve other actions consistent with the Reform Program.
- 2.5. <u>Support of Phase | Reform</u>. Cooperating with the City, the Treasury Department, in addition to the supportive activities of the Treasury Department and the State-described in Annex E, will undertake the following actions in support of the Phase I Reform actions taken by the City under Sec. 2.4:
  - (a) <u>Cash stabilization transaction</u>: The Treasury Department will assist with structuring and will grant relevant approvals for the City to complete a refinancing or refinancings of certain of the City's outstanding indebtedness so as to provide liquidity prior to June 30, 2012. The anticipated aggregate size of the refinancing(s) is approximately \$137 million, of which approximately \$33 million will be used to refinance existing debt, and approximately \$104 million will be placed in an escrow account and used to pay for costs of the Reform Program and for City operating expenses. Draws from the escrow account shall be as and when approved by the State Treasurer in the State Treasurer's discretion.
  - (b) <u>Technical and financial assistance</u>: The Treasury Department shall provide the City with technical assistance (which may include in-kind financial assistance) and support to the City in rapidly implementing the following information technology projects:
    - (1) Completion of a payroll system upgrade.
    - (2) Integration of budgeting, accounting and financial reporting systems.
    - (3) Implementation of a new grants management system.
  - (c) Income tax collection: The Treasury Department will assist the City in maximizing revenues collected under the City income tax. This will include technical assistance to modernize processing, enhance enforcement, and

improve collections. The Treasury Department will assist the City in preparation of draft legislation to require withholding of City Income Taxes for City residents working outside the City. Additionally, the Treasury Department will explore the possibility of enabling the collection and distribution of the City income tax in conjunction with the collection and distribution of the State income tax.

- (d) <u>Legislative assistance</u>: The parties agree that legislation may be required to give the City the tools to achieve part of its Section 2.4 (Phase I Reform) objectives, including, but not limited to legislation:
  - Enabling PLD changes;
  - (2) Enabling Bus Rapid Transit legislation;
  - (3) If determined appropriate by the Financial Advisory Board, enabling the long-term funding of unfunded pension and other postemployment-benefit liabilities:
  - (4) Enabling appropriations proportional to the City's progress in achieving Reform Initiatives.

The Treasury Department agrees to draft for presentation to the Governor for recommendation to the Legislature as a recommended measure under Section 17 of Article V of the State Constitution of 1963 such legislation as the City and State reasonably agree is necessary or appropriate to enable the City to achieve its Phase I Reform objectives.

Implementation of Phase II Reform—Following Actions. Consistent with Mayor's and City Council's development of the strategy, policies and long-term vision of a revitalized City and to preserve financial integrity, following the implementation of the Phase I Reform actions detailed in Section 2.4, the City intends to implement a number of additional actions (the "Phase II Reform"), including, but not limited to, the development and implementation of plans related to (a) the further consolidation, disposition or elimination of City departments, (b) grants management restructuring, (c) property management review, and (d) the implementation of "best practices" with respect to the City's pension and other post-employment benefits in consultation with the Financial Advisory Board and in furtherance of the long-term vision. (The Phase I

Reform and the Phase II Reform are referred to collectively in this Agreement as the "Reform Program.")

- 2.7 <u>Support of Phase II Reform</u>. Cooperating with the City, the Treasury Department, in addition to the supportive activities of the Treasury Department and the State described in Annex E, will undertake the following actions in support of the City's Phase II Reform actions taken under Sec. 2.6:
  - (a) Legislative assistance: The parties agree that legislation may be required to give the City the tools to achieve part of its Section 2.6 (Phase II Reform) objectives, including but not limited to legislation enabling greater intergovernmental cooperation. The Treasury Department agrees to draft for presentation to the Governor for recommendation to the Legislature as a recommended measure under Section 17 of Article V of the State Constitution of 1963 such legislation as the City and State reasonably agree is necessary or appropriate to enable the City to achieve its Phase II Reform objectives.
  - (b) Health plan and post-employment benefits: The Treasury Department agrees to work cooperatively with the City in formulating options for statewide medical plan designs, retiree health care, and other postemployment benefits funding management and consolidation to achieve administrative simplicity and economies of scale.
  - (c) <u>Demolition of structures</u>: The Treasury Department, at the City's request, will provide technical assistance and support to the City in pursuing and administering federal grant funds to pay for the demolition of abandoned structures.
  - (d) Real estate management: The Treasury Department, at the City's request, will provide technical assistance and support in respect of the City's real estate management efforts.
  - 2.8 Reporting Requirements.
- (a) In addition to any other reporting requirements herein, the Chief Financial Officer shall periodically (and not less often than monthly) update the Mayor, the City Council, the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department regarding (a) the City's financial performance in respect of the financial and operational metrics recommended under Section 1.5(a) and (b) the City's adherence to the Budget and the

Triennial Budget. Any such updates shall be reported in writing to the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department and shall be posted to the City's website.

- (b) In addition to any other reporting requirements herein, the Program Management Director shall periodically (and not less often than monthly) update the Mayor, the Clty Council, the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department regarding the status of Reform Initiatives and completion of Annex B projects. Any such updates shall be reported in writing to the Financial Advisory Board and shall be posted to the City's website.
- (c) Within 45 days of the effective date of this Agreement, and on a monthly basis thereafter, the City shall submit to the Treasury Department a detailed listing of all accounts payable in amounts of \$250,000.00 or more, together with the total aggregate amount of all accounts payable, which are more than 30 days beyond each respective due date. For each detailed account payable, the listing shall specify the date upon which payment originally was due, the amount of the payment due including any accrued interest, the name of the person, business, unit of government, or other entity to which payment is due, and a proposed schedule for timely payment. The detailed listing required by this paragraph shall be in a format prescribed by the Treasury Department.
- (d) Within 45 days of the effective date of this Agreement, and on a monthly basis thereafter, the City shall prepare and maintain a forecast of monthly cash demands to meet the expenditures planned in the Budget. The cash flow forecast, prepared in a format acceptable to the Treasury Department, shall be updated and submitted to the Mayor, the City Council, the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department within the first 10 days following the end of each month. A monthly report

of actual revenues and expenditures, prepared in a format acceptable to the Treasury Department, shall be prepared and submitted to the Mayor, the City Council, the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department within the first 10 days following the end of each month.

2.9 <u>Appropriation</u>; <u>Limitation</u>. The Treasury Department's obligation to provide financial assistance in the form of money to the Reform Program under this Agreement shall at all times be subject to the mandate under Section 17 of Article IX of the State Constitution of 1963 that no money may be paid out of the state treasury except in pursuance of appropriations made by law.

# 3. FINANCIAL AND BUDGET PROCESS; REVENUE CONFERENCES; TRIENNIAL BUDGET

- 3.1 Revenue Conferences; Conduct.
- (a) Consistent with Section 8-213 of the Charter, the Directors of the Finance Department, Budget Department, Auditor General and City Council's Fiscal Analysis Division shall hold a revenue estimating conference ("Revenue Conference") each January and July, or such other dates as shall be determined by the Board Chair of the Financial Advisory Board or agreed to by the participants in the Revenue Conference, for the purpose of arriving at a consensus estimate of revenues to be available for the then current fiscal year of the City and the next fiscal year beginning the following July 1st (such estimate, a "Revenue Estimation"). The Board Chair of the Financial Advisory Board or his or her designee and the Chief Financial Officer shall attend and participate in the revenue estimating conference. The Board Chair of the Financial Advisory Board shall set the meeting dates of the Revenue Conference and shall preside over the Revenue Conference or, in the absence of the Board Chair, the Chief Financial Officer

shall preside. The revenues under consideration shall include all general fund, solid waste fund, and risk-management fund revenues, revenues of enterprise agencies that require a general fund subsidy, and all other revenues of the City. The parties shall also compile and consider any and all outstanding delinquent receivables in the possession of City agencies, departments and entitles and, in conjunction with Corporation Counsel, recommend to the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer, the City Council and the Financial Advisory Board the most efficient means to collect this revenue, which may include collection procedures undertaken by the Law Department. Revenue Conference reports should adhere to the reporting standards recommended by the City-Council's Fiscal Analysis Division except as otherwise determined by the Financial Advisory Board.

- (b) At or in connection with a Revenue Conference, the Revenue Conference may (a) take testimony from persons with municipal finance, budgetary, economic or related expertise and (b) request and receive from all public officers, departments, agencies and authorities of the City or the Treasury Department any assistance and information necessary to arrive at a Revenue Estimation (together with all other information considered by the Revenue Conference, such testimony, assistance and information, the "Revenue Estimation Evidence").
- (c) The Revenue Estimation shall include a determination by the Revenue Conference of the amount of revenue to be applied to reduce any accumulated deficit or, if there is no accumulated deficit, to a budget stabilization account (the "<u>Set-Aside</u>").
- (d) The Revenue Estimation, including any Set-Aside, shall be reviewed and approved by the Financial Advisory Board as provided in Section 1.5(f) and thereafter shall be effective and binding for the Budget period to which it applies.

- (e) For purposes of the City's fiscal year 2013 Budget, and in lieu of the foregoing procedure, the City's Revenue Conference under Section 8-213 of the Charter shall arrive at the applicable Revenue Estimation and Set-Aside, which shall be provided to the State Treasurer for approval in lieu of approval by the Financial Advisory Board.
- 3.2 Revenue Conferences; Limitation on Adjournment. A Revenue Conference shall not be adjourned until the Board Chair, in the Board Chair's discretion, determines that either (a) a consensus regarding the Revenue Estimation based upon reasonable assumptions (economic and otherwise) has been reached or (b) sufficient Revenue Estimation Evidence exists to allow for a Revenue Estimation, despite any inability to reach a consensus with respect to such Revenue Estimation. A Revenue Estimation shall set forth discrete revenue estimates from each of the City's major revenue sources, in a form consistent with Treasury Department pronouncements, including all of the following: (a) property taxes; (b) income taxes; (c) casino gaming taxes; (d) State revenue sharing and other State grants; (e) federal grants; (f) licenses, fees, and permits; (g) interest income; (h) proceeds from the sale or lease of any Cityowned assets; (i) operating transfers or reimbursements from other funds; and (i) other funds if required by the Charter. If a consensus cannot be reached with respect to a Revenue Estimation within 14 days after the beginning of the Revenue Conference, the Revenue Estimation Evidence shall be submitted by the Board Chair to the State Treasurer, who shall determine the Revenue Estimation, including any Set-Aside, for the upcoming Budget period.
- 3.3 <u>Limitation on Mayor's Budget Proposal</u>. Except for the Transitional Period as set forth in Section 6.7(b) of this Agreement, the Mayor shall not develop or propose

a Budget or any amendment to a Budget that (a) reflects revenues in excess of the Revenue Estimation, net of any Set-Aside, approved by the Financial Advisory Board for the corresponding Budget year, (b) reflects the collection of revenue from sources not approved by the Financial Advisory Board, (c) fails to comply with the requirements of Act 2 (as defined below) or other applicable law; or (d) incorporates payments not approved by the Financial Advisory Board as part of the Budget.

- 2.4 <u>Limitation on City Council's Budget Approval</u>. Except for the Transitional Period as set forth in Section 6.7(b) of this Agreement, the City Council shall not approve a Budget, any amendment to a budget, a general appropriations ordinance or any amendment to a general appropriations ordinance that (a) reflects revenues in excess of the Revenue Estimation, net of any Set-Aside, approved by the Financial Advisory Board for the corresponding Budget year, (b) reflects the collection of revenue from sources not approved by the Financial Advisory Board, (c) fails to comply with the requirements of Act 2 or other applicable law; or (d) incorporates payments not approved by the Financial Advisory Board as part of the Budget.
- 3.5. <u>Budget Proceedings and Adoption</u>. The Budget adopted for each fiscal year for the City shall comply with the following requirements:
  - (a) Subject to Sections 3.1 to 3.4 of this Agreement, each Budget shall be prepared and presented, and each appropriations act proposed by the City shall be adopted, in accordance with the provisions of Act 2, Public Acts of Michigan, 1968, as amended, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act ("Act 2"), applicable provisions of the Charter, and Secs. 18-2-16 through 18-2-25 of the Detroit City Code, as amended from time to time. The milestones for annual Budget adoption, including Revenue Conferences, are set forth on Annex C hereto.
  - (b) Beginning with the first Budget adopted after the execution of this Agreement, the proposed Budget for each fiscal year shall be transmitted by the Mayor to the Financial Advisory Board not later than March 29 of each year.

- (c) During the period covered by any Budget, the Mayor shall propose such amendments to the existing Budget as are necessary (e.g., the reduction of budgeted expenditures under Section 3.6 of this Agreement; the adjustment of quarterly allotments) on a timely basis so as to prevent an expenditure from being made for which adequate revenues are unavailable or are projected to be unavailable (e.g., on account of a shortfall in actual revenue, or unusual or extraordinary expenditures) or otherwise to support the Initiatives in the Triennial Budget. No amendments or modifications proposed by the Mayor to any proposed or approved Budget or approved by City Council shall become effective unless such amendments are consistent with the Triennial Budget, as certified by the Chief Financial Officer.
- (d) Each Budget shall be designed to ensure that the City shall not end the relevant fiscal year with an operating deficit in any fund (any such deficit, an "Operating Deficit"), provided that, upon the recommendation of the Einancial Advisory Board, the Mayor shall have the authority to propose, and the City Council shall have the authority to approve, Operating Deficits proposed in Budgets or amendments thereto in the Financial Advisory Board's sole discretion.
- (e) If, during a fiscal year, it appears to the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer or the City Council that the actual and probable revenues from taxes and other sources in a fund are less than the estimated revenues, including an available surplus upon which appropriations from the fund were based and other proceeds permitted by law, and will be insufficient to satisfy projected expenditures, the Mayor, within 30 days of notification of such revenue shortfall, shall present to the City Council the Chief Financial Officer's recommendations which, if adopted, would prevent expenditures from exceeding available revenues for that current fiscal year. The recommendations shall include proposals for reducing appropriations from the fund for budgetary centers in a manner that would cause the total of appropriations to not be greater than the total of revised estimated revenues of the fund, or proposals for measures necessary to provide revenues sufficient to meet expenditures of the fund, or both.
- (f) During the term of this Agreement, no officer or employee of the City shall make or authorize any obligation or other liability (i) not authorized by the Budget or (ii) in excess of any amount authorized in the Budget unless approved by the Mayor and the Financial Advisory Board in compliance with applicable law.
- (g) If during a fiscal year the Chief Financial Officer becomes aware of a proposed contract, financial transaction or settlement of claim which, in the Chief Financial Officer's judgment, will have a material adverse impact on the Budget or on City's long-term ability to achieve and maintain Financial Stability, the Chief Financial Officer shall report the Chief Financial Officer's concerns respecting the proposed contract, transaction

- or settlement to the Mayor, the City Council, the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department.
- Budget Reductions; Ordinance; Impasse. Within 60 days of the effective 3.6 date of this Agreement, the City Council shall adopt an amendment to the Finance and Taxation Ordinance or other appropriate provisions of the Detroit City Code providing that if the Chief Financial Officer reports to the Mayor, or if the Council Fiscal Analysis Director reports to the City Council and the Chief Financial Officer concurs, that expenditures during a fiscal year have exceeded or are likely to exceed appropriated levels, (i) the Mayor, consistent with Section 3.5(e) of this Agreement, shall submit a proposed appropriation amendment to the City Council decreasing budgeted appropriations in amounts sufficient to avoid the deficit; and the City Council promptly shall amend appropriations to avoid the deficit; and further if City Council fails to so amend the appropriation ordinance to avoid the deficit within 30 days after the submittal of the proposed appropriation amendment, then the requested appropriation amendment submitted by the Mayor becomes effective; and further (ii) if the Mayor fails to so submit a proposed appropriation amendment to the City Council decreasing budgeted appropriations in amounts sufficient to avoid the deficit within 30 days of notice by the Chief Financial Officer, the Council may introduce and adopt such an amendment on its own motion. The powers and actions authorized by this Section 3.6 shall be granted pursuant to MCL 141.1514a and MCL 141.1519(1)(b) to the extent necessary to implement this Section 3.6, but only to the limited extent and limited time necessary to implement this Section 3.6.
- 3.7 <u>Triennial Budget</u>. (a) As a means of addressing the City's fiscal imbalances and accumulated deficit and to permit continuous planning at least three

fiscal years in the future, beginning with fiscal year 2013 the City, in consultation with the Financial Advisory Board, shall develop and maintain a Triennial Budget for adoption by the City Council. The Triennial Budget shall contain specific and realistic operational metrics, expenditure reductions, revenue set-asides, or specific and realistic revenue enhancements, or any combination of them, in an amount sufficient to address, within a period of not to exceed 5 years, any current or accumulated deficit in any fund maintained by the City. The Financial Advisory Board may approve modifications to the period within which the accumulated deficit will be eliminated. In addition, the Triennial Budget shall—provide—for—the—liquidation—of—all—significant—inter-fund—payables—and receivables, not regularly settled, in not to exceed 5 years from the date of this Agreement. The Financial Advisory Board may approve modifications to the period within which the inter-fund payables and receivables will be settled. The Triennial Budget shall include details of the budget appropriation, reductions in employee salary, wages, employee retirement systems, other fringe benefits, debt retirement, and operating expenditures or revenue enhancements.

(b) The initial Triennial Budget shall be prepared and adopted prior to the end of the Transition Period (defined below), or such other date determined by the Chief Financial Officer and reported to the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department, and shall include the subjects set forth on Annex A-1 hereto. When adopted by the City and approved by the Treasury Department, the initial Triennial Budget shall be attached as Annex A-2 hereto. The Triennial Budget shall be a "financial plan" (sometimes referred to as a "deficit elimination plan") within the meaning of Act 140, provided that the Treasury Department shall review compliance with the Triennial Budget annually, and shall retain full discretion under law to annually approve

of or disapprove of the then-current Triennial Budget as a satisfactory deficit elimination plan.

(c) Beginning with the City's fiscal year 2014 Budget, a copy of the proposed Triennial Budget shall be filed with the Treasury Department not later than April 12 of each year concurrently with submittal of the Mayor's annual Budget to City Council under the City's Finance and Taxation Ordinance. The City shall approve of and amend the Budget from time to time as necessary to give full effect to the Triennial Budget. The Chief Financial Officer shall have primary responsibility under the Mayor for the development of and adherence to the Triennial Budget. The Triennial Budget shall be posted on the City's website.

#### 4. COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS

- 4.1 <u>Authority</u>. The Mayor shall have the authority to negotiate, renegotiate, execute, amend, modify, reject or terminate collective bargaining agreements to the fullest extent authorized by law and subject to the terms of this Agreement.
- 4.2 <u>Collective Bargaining Agreements; Restriction</u>. The parties hereto agree that the Mayor shall not propose or execute, and the City Council shall not approve, any instrument which modifies, amends, extends, supplements or replaces the terms or conditions of, or is a successor agreement to, any collective bargaining agreement in effect as of the effective date of this Agreement or thereafter unless such modification, amendment, extension, supplement, replacement or successor agreement satisfies the requirements of <u>Annex D</u> as determined by the Financial Advisory Board or if a modification, amendment, extension, supplement, or replacement is required by law. For purposes of this Section 4.2, "collective bargaining agreement" includes an

arbitration award, excepting an arbitration award resulting from an arbitration proceeding concluded prior to the effective date of this Agreement.

- 4.3 Collective Bargaining Agreements: Approval. The Labor Relations Division shall negotiate and administer collective bargaining contracts in consultation with the Program Management Director. Upon the prior approval of the Financial Advisory Board following consultation with the Program Management Director, the head of the Labor Relations Division shall deliver to the Mayor any proposed collective bargaining agreement which satisfies the requirements of Section 4.2 of this Agreement for consideration and transmittal to the City Council in accordance with Sec. 6-408 of the Charter. The Mayor shall not approve and transmit to the City Council, and the City Council shall not approve of, any collective bargaining agreement which does not satisfy the requirements of Section 4.2 of this Agreement. If the City Council fails to approve a collective bargaining agreement as proposed by the Mayor and approved by the Financial Advisory Board within 30 days after the submittal of the proposed collective bargaining agreement, then the Program Management Director may approve the collective bargaining agreement in the place and stead of the City Council. The powers and actions of the Program Management Director authorized by this Section 4.3 shall be granted pursuant to MCL 141.1514a, MCL 141.1519(1)(g) and 141.1519(dd)(i), or other applicable law, to the extent necessary to implement this Section 4.3, but only to the limited extent and limited time necessary to implement this Section 4.3.
- 4.4. <u>Duty to Bargain.</u> It is the State Treasurer's determination pursuant to MCL 141.1514a(10) that beginning 30 days after the effective date of this Agreement, the City is not subject to Sec. 15(1) of Act 336, Public Acts of Michigan, 1947, as amended, MCL 423.215, for the remaining term of this Agreement.

# 5. PENDING LITIGATION REPORT

5.1 Report; Filing. Beginning on July 15, 2012, and continuing thereafter on a quarterly basis, the City's Law Department shall submit to the Financial Advisory Board a report (the "Pending Litigation Report") Identifying all pending lawsuits or other legal actions or proceedings (including, but not limited to, lawsuits, actions or proceedings related to workers' compensation claims) to which the City is a party (any such lawsult, action or proceeding, a "Pending Action"). Each Pending Litigation Report shall identify, with respect to each Pending Action: (a) all plaintiffs; (b) all defendants; (c) the court and judge before which the Pending Action is pending; (d) legal counsel representing the City (if other than the Law Department); (e) the specific cause(s) of action; (f) the length of time the Pending Action has been pending; (g) an estimate as to the budgetary impact upon the City (if any) from a disposition of the Pending Action unfavorable to the City; (h) the applicability of any liability insurance maintained by the City; (i) an assessment of the likely outcome of such Pending Action (which section of the Pending Litigation Report shall remain subject to any and all applicable privileges); and (j) any proposed settlement or disposition of any Pending Action. The City shall not settle or otherwise dispose of any Pending Action in an amount of \$250,000.00 or more without the prior written consent of the Financial Advisory Board under Section 1.5(m) of this Agreement or, prior to the first meeting of the Financial Advisory Board, the State Treasurer. For purposes of the Pending Litigation Report, the Financial Advisory Board shall be the client of the City's Law Department and shall be entitled to the attorneyclient privilege, the attorney work product privilege, and all other privileges and duties afforded to clients under the Michigan Rules of Professional Conduct.

#### 6. DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

6.1 Obligations of the parties. (a) The City, through its officers and the City Council and applicable law, is bound by the obligations set forth in, and shall adhere to, this Agreement. Timely achievement of the Reform Program and performance of the financial and operational requirements set forth in this Agreement are of the essence of this Agreement. The Mayor and the City Council (and all departments, agencies and other entities organized within, and all officers acting on behalf of, the Mayor and the City Council, including in particular the Program Management Director and the Program Management Office) shall provide the Financial Advisory Board with access to all information, documentation and personnel as may be reasonably requested by the Financial Advisory Board from time to time, with respect to all matters related to the Reform Program and/or addressed in this Agreement. During the term of this Agreement, no officer or employee of the City shall knowingly (a) take any action in violation of the terms of, or shall fail or refuse to take any action reasonably required by, this Agreement; or (b) prepare, present or certify any information (including any projections or estimates) or report for the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer, the Program Management Office, the City Council, the Revenue Conference or the Financial Advisory Board that is false or misleading in any material respect, or, upon learning that any such information is false or misleading in a material respect, shall fall promptly to advise the Financial Advisory Board or the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer and the Program Management Director thereof. The parties intend that this Agreement may be deemed and function as an agreement entered into under MCL 141.1513.

- (b) The Treasury Department, through the State Treasurer and applicable law, is bound by the obligations set forth in, and shall adhere to, this Agreement, consistent with applicable law.
- 6.2 Material Breach; Default. (a) For purposes of this Agreement, a breach of the obligations set forth in this Agreement, if uncured, shall be considered a material breach of this Agreement if, in the judgment of the Financial Advisory Board, the breach (i) materially impairs the timely and complete implementation of the Reform Program, (ii) materially impairs the Financial Advisory Board's ability to exercise its express responsibilities under this Agreement, or (iii) materially adversely affects the completion of 1 or more Reform Initiatives. Without limiting the foregoing, the obligations set forth in Section 1 (Financial Advisory Board), Section 2 (The Mayor and City Council), Section 3 (Financial and Budget Process; Revenue Conferences; Triennial Budget), Section 4.2, Annex B and Annex D shall be considered of primary importance in the achievement of the Reform Program whose performance is essential to the achievement of this Agreement's urgent public purposes.
- (b) If the Financial Advisory Board determines that a material breach of this Agreement has occurred or is occurring, the Financial Advisory Board shall immediately notify the Mayor, the City Council and the Treasury Department of its determination. Upon receipt of the notice, the Mayor and the City Council, or either of them, shall take all lawful steps necessary to cure the material breach within 30 days, or, if the material breach is of a nature which cannot be cured within 30 days, shall commence and diligently pursue a cure, and shall report the steps taken to the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department. The Financial Advisory Board shall investigate the circumstances and shall evaluate the efficacy of the cure or attempted cure by the

Mayor or City Council. The Mayor or the City Council shall have the opportunity to present evidence and argument to the Financial Advisory Board as to any aspect of the material breach and the efficacy of any cure. Following the expiration of the 30-day cure period, the Financial Advisory Board shall make a determination as to whether the material breach has been adequately cured. Following its investigation and the receipt of evidence and argument, the Financial Advisory Board shall make a declaration as to whether a default in the performance of the obligations under this Agreement. A declaration that a default has occurred shall require a vote of the Financial Advisory Board pursuant to Section 1.6 of this Agreement.

6.3 Default: Remedies. A declaration of default on account of a material uncured breach of this Agreement as provided in Section 6.2 may result in (a) the suspension by the Treasury Department of (i) discretionary State revenue sharing initiatives and agreements between the Treasury Department or the State and the City pursuant to Act 140 and/or (ii) Economic Vitality Incentive Program payments or other intergovernmental assistance between the Treasury Department or the State and the City pursuant to Act 140 and other applicable law, in each case to the extent permitted by law; (b) the withholding by the Treasury Department of approvals to enter the capital markets under Act 34; (c) accelerating or exercising other rights and remedies by the Treasury Department for collection of any existing loans from the State to the City under, e.g., Act 243 or other applicable law; (d) the filing of court proceedings by the Financial Advisory Board or the State Treasurer in the Circuit Court for Wayne County, Michigan, or the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan seeking mandamus, an injunction, appointment of a referee, or other equitable relief consistent with the urgent public purposes of this Agreement so as to cause the obligations of this

Agreement to be fully and timely performed; (e) the placement by the State Treasurer of the City in receivership as provided in MCL 141.1515; and/or (f) other remedies available to the Treasury Department or under State law. The remedies provided in this Section 6.3 shall be cumulative.

- 6.4 <u>Program Management Director</u>; <u>Board</u>; <u>Reform Initiative Remedies</u>. Timely achievement of the Reform Program being of the essence of this Agreement, in addition to the other remedies provided in this Agreement, the City and the Treasury Department agree that the following provisions shall apply in respect of individual Reform Initiatives:
- (a) If in the judgment of the Mayor, the City Council, the Chief Financial Officer, the Program Management Director, the Financial Advisory Board or the Treasury Department a breach in the provisions of this Agreement, including the Annexes, has occurred or is imminently likely to occur which is materially frustrating or will materially frustrate the timely implementation of one or more Reform Initiatives (a "Reform Default Condition"), the Program Management Director shall provide written notice of the Reform Default Condition to the Mayor, the City Council, the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department. Upon receipt of the notice, the Mayor and the City Council, or either of them, shall take all lawful steps necessary to cure the Reform Default Condition within 30 days, or, if the Reform Default Condition is of a nature which cannot be cured within 30 days, shall commence and diligently pursue a cure, and shall report the steps taken to the Financial Advisory Board and the Treasury Department.
- (b) Upon receipt of the notice of a Reform Default Condition, the Financial Advisory Board shall investigate the circumstances and shall evaluate the efficacy of the

cure or attempted cure by the Mayor or City Council. The Mayor or the City Council shall have the opportunity to present evidence and argument to the Financial Advisory Board as to any aspect of the Reform Default Condition and the efficacy of any cure. Following the expiration of the 30-day cure period, the Financial Advisory Board shall make a determination as to whether the Reform Default Condition has been adequately cured so as to prevent a material breach of this Agreement respecting one or more Reform Initiatives. Following its investigation and the receipt of evidence and argument, the Financial Advisory Board shall make a declaration as to whether a default in the performance of the obligations under this Agreement in respect of one or more Reform Initiatives has occurred (a "Reform Default"). A declaration that a Reform Default has occurred shall require a vote of the Financial Advisory Board pursuant to Section 1.6 of this Agreement.

Advisory Board, and immediately upon the approval of the declaration that a Reform Default has occurred, the Mayor shall be deemed to have delegated his executive authority with respect of the Reform Initiative or Initiatives for which a Reform Default has been declared, but only in respect of such Reform Initiative or Initiatives, to the Program Management Director; and the City Council, by approval of this Agreement, shall be deemed to have given full legislative approval and authority to proceed with the implementation and execution of such Reform Initiative or Initiatives, but only in respect of such Reform Initiative or Initiatives. The Program Management Director thereafter shall exercise all lawful authority of the City in respect of the accomplishment, implementation and execution of the Reform Initiative or Initiatives for which the Reform Default was declared, provided that the Program Management Director shall be under

the supervision of, and shall report frequently, but not less often than monthly, to the Financial Advisory Board, the Treasury Department, the Mayor and the City Council in respect of the Program Management Director's actions, and the Financial Advisory Board shall review and approve or disapprove the proposed actions of the Program Management Director, including specifically the approval of any contracts proposed to be executed by the Program Management Director. The powers and actions of the Program Management Director authorized by this Section 6.4(c) additionally shall be granted pursuant to MCL 141.1514a, MCL 141.1519(1)(g) and 141.1519(dd)(i) to the extent necessary to implement this Section 6.4(c), but only to the limited extent and limited time necessary to implement this Section 6.4(c).

- (d) Upon the earlier of (i) the accomplishment of the Reform Initiative or Initiatives for which the Financial Advisory Board had declared a Reform Default or (ii) the elimination or cure of the event or condition which was the basis of the Reform Default, the Financial Advisory Board, upon the recommendation of the Program Management Director or on its own motion, shall, by majority vote, declare the Reform Default terminated. The Financial Advisory Board also may consider a declaration that the Reform Default is terminated upon petition by the Mayor or the City Council. Immediately upon such declaration, the executive authority of the Mayor and the legislative approval of the City Council temporarily empowering the Program Management Director in respect of the specific Reform Initiative or Initiatives shall be deemed restored to the Mayor and City Council and the grants under Section 6.4(c) shall be withdrawn.
- 6.5 <u>Additional Forbearance by Treasury Department</u>. Provided that this Agreement remains in effect and there is no material failure to comply with, or adhere

to, this Agreement on the part of the City, the Treasury Department and the Financial Advisory Board shall forbear from exercising any of its respective remedies under Section 6.3.

6.6 Obligation Not Discharged by Contingencies. The obligations of the City as expressed and agreed to herein are not subject to release or discharge due to any contingencies within the City's reasonable control, including, but not limited to, cierical errors, computer failures, late mallings or the failure to comply with reporting due dates or other scheduled due dates excepting due to adverse weather, acts of God, acts of third parties or compliance with court orders. If the due date for a report, listing or other document falls on a weekend or legal holiday, then the report, listing, or other document shall be due on the first day thereafter that is not a weekend or legal holiday.

#### 6.7 Transitional Provisions.

- (a) The parties acknowledge that on account of Inadequate systems and other operational constraints, the City will be unable to satisfy the reporting and budgeting requirements set forth in this Agreement as of the effective date of this Agreement. The parties agree that from the effective date of this Agreement until 60 days after the date that the Chief Financial Officer commences serving (the "Transitional Period"), the City will make every effort to comply with the reporting requirements set forth in this Agreement, but any failure to comply with the any such reporting requirements during the Transitional Period shall not be deemed to be a material breach of this Agreement.
- (b) The parties acknowledge that as of the effective date of this Agreement and during the Transitional Period, the City will be in the midst of its budget preparation process for the fiscal year 2013 Budget, and that therefore the Budget provisions of this Agreement, including the responsibilities of the Financial Advisory Board and the

adoption of the initial Triennial Budget, cannot be fully accomplished for the fiscal year 2013 Budget. The City and the Treasury Department agree that during the Transitional Period, the City will make every effort to comply with the Budget process requirements set forth in this Agreement, and any failure to comply with any such Budget process requirements during the Transitional Period may be waived by the State Treasurer. Until the Board Chair of the Financial Advisory Board has been appointed and the Chief Financial Officer has commenced serving, the City's Revenue Conference under Section 8-213 of the Charter shall arrive at the Revenue Estimation for fiscal year 2013, and State Treasurer shall approve of the Revenue Estimation in lieu of the Financial Advisory Board under Sections 3.1 and 3.2 of this Agreement, which shall form the basis of the Mayor's proposed fiscal year 2013 Budget submitted pursuant to Section 3.3 of this Agreement and the City Council's approved fiscal year 2013 Budget pursuant to Section 3.4 of this Agreement. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 6.7(b), the Mayor and the City Council shall fully perform their respective obligations under Act 2 and the Charter in respect of the fiscal year 2013 Budget preparation and shall cause the fiscal year 2013 Budget and the 2013 general appropriations ordinance to be in effect as of July 1, 2012. During the Transitional Period, the Mayor shall not propose, and the City Council shall not approve, a Budget, any amendment to a budget, a general appropriations ordinance or any amendment to a general appropriations ordinance that reflects revenues in excess of, or collected from sources not included in, the applicable Revenue Estimation, net of any Set-Aside, for the 2013 Budget year.

#### 7. AMENDMENT; WAIVER OF PROVISIONS

7.1 <u>Amendment; Waiver</u>. This Agreement and the Annexes hereto may be amended only in writing by the mutual consent of the Financial Advisory Board, the

State Treasurer and the City (or their respective successors or permitted assigns), evidenced by all necessary and proper authority. By agreement of the parties, the Financial Advisory Board, in its sole discretion, may waive or forbear from any provision of this Agreement that requires an act by the City, provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, no entity other than the Financial Advisory Board shall be permitted to waive or forbear from any provision hereof that otherwise relates to a power reserved for the Financial Advisory Board. No waiver of or forbearance from any provision of this Agreement shall arise from any action or inaction of the Financial Advisory Board, except\_pursuant\_to\_an\_instrument\_in\_writing\_expressly\_waiving\_or\_forbearing\_from\_theprovision executed by the party entitled to the benefit of the provision. The parties anticipate that Annex B to this Agreement will be amended and updated from time to time to reflect the dynamic nature of the Reform Program. Amendments to Annex B may be adopted by the Mayor and City Council with the approval of the Financial Advisory Board, as set forth in Section 2.4(a) of this Agreement. Amendments to Annex B may be proposed by the Mayor, the City Council, the Chief Financial Officer, the Program Management Director, the Financial Advisory Board or the Treasury Department.

#### 8. DURATION OF AGREEMENT: RELEASE

- 8.1 <u>Duration of Agreement; Termination; City's Release from Obligations.</u>

  This Agreement shall remain in effect until both of the following occur ("<u>Financial</u> Stability"):
  - (a) The date of the earlier of:
    - the end of the third consecutive fiscal year of the City in which each of the following conditions have been satisfied: (A) the City's audited financial statements indicate, on the basis of accounting

- principles generally accepted in the United States, that the City general fund, excluding any revenues derived from borrowed funds, is not in a deficit condition; and (B) the City's accumulated deficit has been eliminated; or
- (ii) the City has achieved and maintained for at least two consecutive calendar years a credit rating by two or more nationally recognized securities rating agencies (without regard to any third party credit enhancement) on the City's outstanding long-term unsubordinated debt in any of the four highest long-term debt rating categories of such rating agency (BBB/Baa or higher), without regard to any refinement or gradation of such rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise; and
- (b) The date that the State Treasurer certifies to the Governor that no material condition exists within the City, and that no action has been taken, or is being contemplated, by City officials, that would (A) implicate the need for a deficit elimination plan under Sec. 21 of Act 140, excepting for fund deficits of an immaterial nature; or (B) require implementation of the Treasury Department's authority under Sec. 802 of Act 34.
- (c) The Mayor, with the approval of the City Council, may apply to the Financial Advisory Board to be released from the terms and conditions of this Agreement. If the financial conditions set forth in Section 8.1(a) and (b) have been satisfied by the City, the Financial Advisory Board shall release the City from the terms and conditions of this Agreement.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 8.1(a), (b) and (c) of this Section 8.1, this Agreement shall be earlier terminated by the Financial Advisory Board, with the consent of the State Treasurer, if requested by the Mayor and the City Council on behalf of City or by the Treasury Department.

#### 9. CONTINUING EFFECT; EMPLOYEES; SEVERABILITY

- 9.1 <u>Continuing Effect</u>. This Agreement shall remain in effect until terminated or until the Financial Advisory Board has released the City from the terms and conditions of this Agreement pursuant to Sections 8.1(c) or 8.1(d).
- joint exercise of power by the City and the Treasury Department, this Agreement does not transfer functions or services from the City or the Treasury Department to the Financial Advisory Board. Nothing in this Agreement prohibits the City from subsequently entering into a contract with the Einancial Advisory Board for the transfer of functions or services from the City to the Financial Advisory Board, to the extent authorized under 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 8, as amended, MCL 124.531 to 124.536. The City and the Treasury Department intend that this Agreement be construed as an agreement between the City and the Treasury Department authorized under Act 7, Public Acts of Michigan, Extra Session of 1967, as amended, the Urban Cooperation Act of 1967, with the exception of the provisions of this Agreement authorized solely under MCL 141.1501 to 141.1531.
- 9.3 <u>Employees</u>. In no event shall this Agreement direct, permit or enable the transfer of employees or groups of employees from the City to the Financial Advisory Board or otherwise to merge or create a "workforce" of the Financial Advisory Board.

  Nothing in this Agreement creates an employment relationship between the employees of the City or the Treasury Department and the Financial Advisory Board. The City shall function as the employer of personnel and staff of the City needed for the joint exercise of power under this Agreement. The Treasury Department shall function as the employer of personnel and staff of the Treasury Department needed for the joint

exercise of power under this Agreement. The Financial Advisory Board shall function as the employer of any personnel and staff of the Financial Advisory Board not otherwise employed by the City or the Treasury Department needed for the joint exercise of power under this Agreement. No employees of the City or the Treasury Department are transferred from the City or the Treasury Department to the Financial Advisory Board under this Agreement.

- 9.4 <u>Management and Direction</u>. The Financial Advisory Board has the responsibility, authority, and right to manage and direct on behalf of the public the functions or services of the Financial Advisory Board performed or exercised by the Financial Advisory Board under this Agreement. The City has the responsibility, authority, and right to manage and direct on behalf of the public the functions or services of the City performed or exercised by the City under this Agreement. The State Treasurer has the responsibility, authority, and right to manage and direct on behalf of the public the functions or services of the Treasury Department performed or exercised by the Treasury Department under this Agreement. The functions or services of the Financial Advisory Board, the City, and the Treasury Department, respectively, under this Agreement are deemed to be in the interests of the public health, safety and welfare, and the accomplishment of the objectives of this Agreement is an urgent public purpose.
- 9.5 <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement, or its application to any person, party or circumstance, is determined to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason, the remainder of this Agreement and its application to other persons, parties or circumstances shall not be affected and shall remain enforceable to the full extent permitted by law. On account of the urgent public purpose and the protection of the

public health, safety and welfare sought to be accomplished by this Agreement, It is the Intent of the parties to continue to implement the provisions of this Agreement, in whole or in part, to the fullest extent possible under applicable law.

#### 10. COUNTERPARTS

10.1 <u>Counterparts</u>; <u>Signatures</u>. This Agreement may be executed in separate counterparts, each of which when executed shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Execution may be accomplished by delivery of original or electronic copies of the signature page hereto (e.g., by facsimile or email).

#### 11. EFFECTIVE DATE

11.1 Effective Date. The effective date ("Effective Date") for this Agreement and the joint exercise of power under this Agreement shall be the date on which the last of all of the following have occurred: (a) the Agreement is approved and executed by the Mayor; (b) the Agreement is approved by the City Council, (c) the Agreement is approved and executed by the State Treasurer; (e) the Agreement is approved by the Governor; (d) the Agreement is filed with the Clerk for the Charter County of Wayne, Michigan, (e) the Agreement is filed with the Clerk for the County of Ingham, Michigan; and (f) the Agreement is filed in the Office of the Great Seal, Michigan Department of State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties, by their designated representatives, have
signed and executed this Agreement on this day of, 2012.
ON BEHALF OF THE CITY OF DETROIT:
<del>U</del>
Kirk J. Lewis, Deputy Mayor (Acting As Mayor)
Dave Bing, Mayor

ON BEHALF OF THE MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY:

Andy Dillon, State Treasurer

Consistent with my duty under Section 8 of Article V of the State Constitution to take care that the laws be faithfully executed, I find that this Agreement is in proper form, and is compatible with the laws of the State of Michigan.

Dated:

Richard D. Snyder, Povernor

# **CERTIFICATION**

I, Janice M. Winfrey, City Clerk for the City of Detroit, hereby certify that the foregoing Agreement has been duly authorized by resolution adopted by the City Council of the City of Detroit, County of Wayne, State of Michigan, at a Special Session held on April 4, 2012, that said resolution remains in effect, and that the foregoing meeting was conducted and public notice of said meeting was given pursuant to and in full compliance with the Open Meetings Act, being Act 267, Public Acts of Michigan, 1976, and that the minutes of said meeting were kept and will be or have been made available as required by sald Act.

Janice M. Winfrey, City Clerk

Date of Certification: April 9, 2012

Time of Certification: 4.37, p.m.

# BY THE FINANCIAL REVIEW TEAM FOR THE CITY OF DETROIT:

Andy Dillon	Glenda D. Price
Frederick Headen	Irvin D. Reid
Jack Martin	Doug Ringler
Conrael Malert, Jr	Shirley R. Stancato
Chart McClinnon	Brom Shibitz Brom Stibitz

# APPROVED AS STATE FINANCIAL AUTHORITY:

Andy Dillon, State Treasurer

#### **ANNEX A-1**

The Triennial Budget and General Appropriations Act shall, at a minimum, include all of the following:

- (a) A detailed projected budget of revenues and expenditures over not less than 3 fiscal years which demonstrates that, subject to exceptions, the City's general fund expenditures will not exceed its general fund revenues and that any existing deficits will be eliminated during the projected budget period.
- (b) A cash flow projection for the budget period.
- (c) An operating plan for the budget period.
- (d) A plan-showing reasonable and necessary maintenance and capital expenditures for the budget period.
- (e) An evaluation of the costs associated with pension and postemployment health care obligations for which the City is responsible and a plan for how those costs will be addressed over the budget period.
- (f) A provision for submitting quarterly compliance reports to the Financial Advisory Board demonstrating compliance with the Triennial Budget.

The Triennial Budget shall be updated annually as part of the approval of the annual Budget under Act 2 and the Charter.

# **ANNEX A-2**

[Initial Triennial Budget to be included pursuant to Section 3.7(b) upon approval following appointment of CFO]

#### **ANNEX B**

# City's Operational Reform Program

(Prioritization and timing to be mutually agreed upon by Mayor and Council and approved by Financial Advisory Board as provided in the Agreement)

- 1. Public safety initiatives;
- 2. Lighting Department Changes;
- 3. DDOT Changes;
- 4. Income tax collection;
- 5. Implementation of payroll system upgrade if needed following a review of other options that streamline payroll process and implement;
- Implementation of new grants management system to streamline requisition and monitoring process of grants;
- 7. Integration of budgeting, accounting and financial reporting system with appropriate process mapping;
- 8. Demolition of structures;
- 9. Implementation of medical and pension changes;
- Labor reform to streamline and consolidate number of collective bargaining agreements into single template and evaluating integration with statewide plans as available;
- 11. Health and Wellness Department changes;
- 12. Human Services Department changes;
- 13. Real estate management;
- 14. Workers Compensation Reform;
- Employee Training;
- 16. Bank Project to improve AR and AP process;
- 17. Fire Authority review;
- 18. Permits;
- 19. Planning and Development to DEGC;
- 20. Claim/Risk Management for reducing claims costs;
- 21. Long-Term Liability Restructuring;

ANNEX C

Revenue Estimation and Budget Approval Calendar

Date (on or before)	Action
December 8	All officers, departments, commissions and boards of the City are required to transmit to the Budget Director their estimates of the amounts of money required for each activity within their respective Departments for the ensuing fiscal year.
January 31*	Semi-annual Revenue Conference
February 22	The Budget Director shall transmit to the Mayor an estimated Budget showing the Budget Director's estimate of the total amount of money required to be raised for each of the City's funds.
March 15	Revenue Estimation for next fiscal year established by Financial Advisory Board following Revenue Conference,
March 29	The Mayor shall complete a revision of the Budget and return the Budget to the Budget Director for tabulation.
	The Mayor shall submit the proposed Budget and Triennial Budget to Financial Advisory Board
April 12	The Mayor shall transmit the Budget (including Triennial Budget) to City Council.
	The Mayor shall transmit the Triennial Budget to the Treasury Department.
May 24	The City Council shall complete its consideration of the Budget.
May 27	The City Council shall transmit the Budget to the Mayor for the Mayor's approval or rejection.
May 27 + 3 business days	The Mayor shall return the Budget to the City Council with the Mayors' approval, or, if the Mayor shall disapprove the whole or any item or items, with a statement of reasons for the disapproval.
Later of 3 calendar days or 2 business days following maximum return date of the Budget by the Mayor	The City Council shall act upon any item that shall have been disapproved by the Mayor.
July 1	Beginning of Fiscal Year
July 31*	Semi-annual Revenue Conference

<sup>\*</sup> Or as otherwise determined by the Revenue Confernce or Financial Advisory Board

#### ANNEX D

# Required Provisions of Collective Bargaining Agreements

On or before July 16, 2012, the City shall have either negotiated or imposed new labor agreements with those Unions whose contracts have expired or will expire on or about June 30, 2012. The newly negotiated agreements shall include among other items the following terms and conditions, which shall set the pattern for future agreements:

- 1. Uniformity goal: All new labor agreements will be structured so as to achieve the goal of creating a common base form of agreement enabling a known, measurable basis for cost evaluation and comparison.
- 2. Joint committees, if any, will be patterned in structure and role after the committees included in the contracts recently negotiated between the State and unions representing State employees.
- 3. Outsourcing will be permitted where service improvements or cost savings can be achieved. Language shall require the City to provide advance notice of competitive bids to its Unions and enabling Unions to bid on the work.
- Departmental consolidation shall be permitted where service improvements or cost savings can be achieved.
- 5. There may be no snap-back provisions during the term or at expiration of the agreement. Wage increases shall be subject to negotiation.
- 6. New hires will have a defined contribution retirement health care benefit.
- 7. Merit-based promotions shall be permitted for certain key positions (specific positions to be defined by the common agreement form).
- 8. Current resources should be maximized, therefore to exercise bumping rights an employee must have current or prior year service in the classification into which they are bumping and employees shall be permitted to work outside their classification.
- 9. Existing favorable concessions negotiated in the TAs shall remain, especially those dealing with wages, benefits and pension multipliers, as approved by the Project Management Director, Labor Relations Director, and the Financial Advisory Board.
- 10. Multi-year term of the new agreement to be determined by the Labor Relations Director, Project Management Director, and Financial Advisory Board as required to support the City's financial restructuring.
- 11. Dispute resolution procedures shall be made simpler and the process expedited to achieve predictability for both sides.
- 12. The parties will agree to address work rule modifications during the first year of the new agreement where changes will support the Clty's financial restructuring, achieve efficient use of labor resources, and/or improve cost-effective service.

#### **ANNEX E**

# SUPPORTIVE ACTIVITIES OF TREASURY DEPARTMENT AND STATE

#### Introduction

The Treasury Department and the State remain committed to the overall growth and health of Michigan cities, and particularly so with the city of Detroit, the State's largest municipality. Ways to ensure this growth and health are emerging through a number of supportive initiatives.

Supportive activities already in process include:

# Improve Quality of Life and Safety for Detroiters

- Street lighting Improve public lighting by working with the city to create a separate authority to manage and finance streetlights. State legislation can create a new option for separate governmental authorities (similar to those for sewers) that allow for independent bending authority against revenue as well-as general funds. Detroit can then create such an entity to make financing more attractive to bondholders and thus lower the overall cost of the upgrades. This group would also have to develop multi-year lighting plans with the revenue to support them.
- Law Enforcement As discussed in the governor's public safety message, over the next
  two years MSP will graduate two trooper classes meaning approximately 180 troopers
  will be added, and will support our strategy to increase law enforcement resources in
  four Michigan cities, including Detroit.
- Demolition Streamline, coordinate and accelerate demolition activities in the city.
- Land Stewardship improve the state's stewardship of its own land in the city with an
  emphasis on redevelopment, including undertaking a full review to determine what land
  can be redeveloped effectively and responsible ways to transition other parcels to
  successional landscapes.
- Client Service The state will continue to enhance its presence within the city to better serve the client base for both DHS assistance and unemployment insurance.
- Auto insurance Reduce auto Insurance costs for residents through the Michigan Automobile Insurance Placement Facility, creating a base rate that reflects a more neutral score, resulting in noticeable rate reductions.

#### **Enhance Education**

- K-12 Ensure a quality school for every Detroit child through continued reforms of DPS, a strong start for the Education Achlevement Authority, and support for Excellent Schools Detroit. Continue to drive a philanthropic agenda to provide post-secondary scholarship funding to Detroit graduates.
- Early Childhood Education Ensure high quality early childhood education through a
  partnership with the Office of Great Start and increased collaboration with private and
  non-profit entities involved in providing these services to Detroiters.
- Foundations for Learning Provide better access to services that enhance a child's learning process by moving DHS family independence specialists out of county offices and stationing them within 50 Detroit elementary schools. This will help eligible families access resources immediately, before barriers such as transportation, child care, housing instability, food insecurity, and access to healthcare impede a child's learning process.

#### Invest in Transportation Infrastructure

Move shead with the New International Trade Crossing project.

Expand and facilitate the Detroit Intermodal Freight Terminal, ensuring that southeast
Michigan has regional facilities with sufficient capacity and interconnectivity to provide
for existing and future intermodal demand and reducing time, monetary costs, and
congestion.

 Establish the authority and board for, and develop a funding mechanism for, the new Regional Transit Authority. Invest in a regional, multi-modal system including BRT, bike

paths and walkability.

 Working with CN and Amtrak, create a commuter rail station and stop at the former state fairgrounds, expand the West Grand Blvd. station to Include better facilities for transfers and assist in the rebuilding of the Royal Oak and Troy stops.

Accelerate a capacity improvement project for I-94 from I-96 to Conner Avenue,

supporting more than 13,000 jobs between 2012 and 2020.

Complete final engineering and start construction this summer for the West Detroit
Junction Railroad Project to provide a shorter, faster route for intercity passenger trains,
relieve congestion for freight trains, and help lay the groundwork for future commuter rail
service between Ann Arbor and Detroit.

# Invest in Physical Assets and Economic Drivers

Citywide --

 Consolidate the planning and economic development functions for the city within the Detroit Economic Growth Corporation to avoid duplication, enable the development of unified strategy and execution, and simplify the process for new economic development within the city.

Coordinate and/or consolidate the state, Wayne County and city land banks to

ensure the creation and execution of a common plan.

Devote \$3 million of state funds to clearing title on parcels identified by DEGC to ready them for speedy economic development.

Eastern Market – Contribute to the revitalization of Eastern Market by investing in the
conversion of Shed 1 (including incubator kitchens, entrepreneurial training, and business
start-ups) and the renovation of Shed 5 into a full-scale grocery. Position the market as a
Regional Food Innovation Cluster, focusing on science, technologies and enhanced
management practices that will reshape food production and business. Assist the market in
applying for a federal TIGER grant to create a seamless trail system from the Riverfront
through the Eastern Market, Brush Park, and Wayne State University areas.

 Riverfront – Develop the Globe Building, expand Milliken State Park, dedicate a new launch for citizens near Riverfront Park and assist DEGC with resources and talent to transform

Hart Plaza.

Belle Isle — Create park funding for Belie Isle while ensuring continued City ownership by
designating Belle Isle as a part of a cooperative relationship with Milliken State Park. This
would include a long-term lease that would accrue the cost of the park's maintenance and
improvements out of the Park Endowment Fund. We will partner with Belle Isle Conservancy
and the City to implement a master plan for the Island.

 Fairgrounds – Transfer ownership of the former state fairgrounds to the State Land Bank and create a neighborhood and commercial center on the site.

 Cobo Center – Encourage its continued expansion in coordination with the Metropolitan Detroit CVB, and support improvements.

- Midtown Continue to be a key partner in local efforts to create a Regional Innovation
  Cluster in Midtown through MEDC investments in the incubation and growth of small
  business, as well as support for residential, commercial and retail development projects.
- Community Ventures A public-private partnership will identify employers willing to create
  new jobs and organizations that can provide training and other job readiness services for the
  structurally unemployed. For the first time, state agencies like MEDC, Workforce
  Development Agency and Department of Human Services will bring together employers, job
  readiness partners and private funders in a comprehensive and measurable program to
  assist young people aged 15 to 29 and ex-offenders. The outcome will create new, longterm jobs in Detroit.
- Detroit-Focused Economic Gardening Use a comprehensive set of tools for accelerating entrepreneurship, business growth, access to capital, placemaking and talent enhancement.
- Detroit Works Project Support concentrated services of blight elimination and rehabilitation
  for four city-targeted neighborhoods contiguous to important economic development
  anchors. This will be supported through coordination with MSHDA's Neighborhood
  Stabilization Program and the MEDC's Community Revitalization Program.

### Improve Detroit's Capacity to Collect Tax Revenues

- Enhance city revenue collection capacity as requested by city of Detroit through technical assistance for collections, audit and city income tax administration.
- Create a common assessment template Move the property assessment function from the
  city to the county to allow for efficiencies, commonality of method and improvements in
  communication between taxing entitles as well as between property owners.

### Municipal Assistance/Services Authority

The Department of Treasury will partner with municipal governments in this state to
establish the Municipal Assistance/Services Authority. The Authority will function as a
center of best practices for the delivery of local government services and provide enhanced
opportunities for local governments in Michigan to engage in service sharing and
consolidation of activities, with State support.

E X H I B I T

В



#### KRYSTAL A. CRITTENDON

CORPORATION COUNSEL
DIRECT DIAL 313-237-3031
E-MAIL: CRITK@DETROITMI.GOV

First National Building 660 Woodward Avenue, Suite 1650 Detroit, Michigan 48226-3535 Phone 313-224-4550 TTY:311 Fax 313-224-5505 www.detroitml.gov

May 11, 2012

# Via Facsimile and Certified U.S. Mail

Hon. Richard D. Snyder Governor, State of Michigan George W. Romney Building 111 S. Capitol Avenue Lansing, Michigan 48933

RE: Financial Stability Agreement Between the State of Michigan and the City of Detroit

Dear Governor Snyder:

On April 4, 2012, the Detroit City Council adopted a Resolution which purported to approve entry by the City of Detroit into a Financial Stability Agreement with the State of Michigan. Subsequently the Agreement was signed by the Mayor of the City of Detroit, certain members of the Financial Advisory Board, the State Treasurer, and you. At the time that the City Council adopted the Resolution and the Mayor signed the Agreement, the elected City of Detroit officials were not advised that the State of Michigan owes payments to the City of Detroit for various debts, including outstanding utility bills.

Section 5(1)(f) of the Michigan Home Rule City Act, MCL 117.5(1)(f), provides that a city does not have power "to make a contract with, or give an official position to, one who is in default to the city." MCL 117.5(1)(f) became effective on, and has remained unchanged, since September 1, 1909. On February 10, 2010, the Michigan Attorney General opined that, under MCL 117.5(1)(f), "financial obligations to a city that would reasonably be encompassed within the term [default] include . . . "utility bills ..."

This identical language in MCL 117.5(1)(f) was added to the 2012 Detroit City Charter, which became effective on January 1, 2012. It is codified as Section 2-113 and reads:

Prohibition Against Entering Into Contracts or Giving Position to Those in Default.

The City of Detroit, through its executive branch departments and legislative branch agencies, is prohibited from making a contract with, or giving an official position to, one who is in default to the City.





Hon. Richard D. Snyder May 11, 2012 Page 2

# CONFIDENTIAL AND PRIVILEGED ATTORNEY-CLIENT COMMUNICATION

In accordance Section 7.5-209 of the 2012 Detroit City Charter, this is to notify you that, due to debts that the State of Michigan owed to the City prior to City Council adoption of its Resolution concerning, and the Mayor's execution of, the Financial Stability Agreement, the City was not authorized to enter into a binding contract with the State of Michigan. Therefore, the Financial Stability Agreement is void and unenforceable as a matter of law.

In order to protect the City's interests, this is a formal notice to you, as the State Treasurer, of the State of Michigan's obligation to pay the following outstanding debts due and owing to the City of Detroit:

- 1) A water bill for owed by the State of Michigan to the City of Detroit in the amount of approximately 4.75 Million Dollars; and
- 2) Revenue sharing owed by the State of Michigan to the City of Detroit in the amount of \$224 Million Dollars as admitted by the State Treasurer on January 3, 2012 during the "Inside Detroit" Show on WCHB.

Please be advised that we are in the process of gathering information relative to other outstanding debts owed by the State of Michigan to the City of Detroit. In the meanwhile, we request that your staff respond, in writing, to the above two delineated items no later than Friday, May 18, 2012.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Respectfully,

Krystal A. Crittendor Corporation Counsel

cc:

Hon. Mayor Dave Bing

Hon. Charles Pugh

Hon. Gary Brown

Hon. Saunteel Jenkins

Hon. Kenneth V. Cockrel, Jr.

Hon. Brenda Jones

Hon. Andrey L. Spivey

Hon. James Tate

Hon. Kwame Kenyatta

Hon. JoAnn Watson



## KRYSTAL A. CRITTENDON

CORPORATION COUNSEL
DIRECT DIAL 313•237•3031
E-MAIL: CRITK@DETROITMI.GOV

Pirst National Building 660 Woodward Avenue, Suite 1650 Detroit, Michigan 48226-3535 Phone 313-224-4550 TTY:311 Fax 313-224-5505 WWW.Detroitmi.gov

May 11, 2012

## Via Facsimile and Certified U.S. Mail

Andrew J. Dillon State Treasurer State of Michigan 430 W. Allegan Street Richard H. Austin Building. Lansing, Michigan 48933

RE: Financial Stability Agreement Between the State of Michigan and the City of Detroit

Dear Treasurer Dillon:

On April 4, 2012, the Detroit City Council adopted a Resolution which purported to approve entry by the City of Detroit into a Financial Stability Agreement with the State of Michigan. Subsequently the Agreement was signed by the Mayor of the City of Detroit, certain members of the Financial Advisory Board, the Governor and you. At the time that the City Council adopted the Resolution and the Mayor signed the Agreement, the elected City of Detroit officials were not advised that the State of Michigan owes payments to the City of Detroit for various debts, including outstanding utility bills.

Section 5(1)(f) of the Michigan Home Rule City Act, MCL 117.5(1)(f), provides that a city does not have power "to make a contract with, or give an official position to, one who is in default to the city." MCL 117.5(1)(f) became effective on, and has remained unchanged, since September 1, 1909. On February 10, 2010, the Michigan Attorney General opined that, under MCL 117.5(1)(f), "financial obligations to a city that would reasonably be encompassed within the term [default] include . . . "utility bills ..."

This identical language in MCL 117.5(1)(f) was added to the 2012 Detroit City Charter, which became effective on January 1, 2012. It is codified as Section 2-113 and reads:

Prohibition Against Entering Into Contracts or Giving Position to Those in Default.

The City of Detroit, through its executive branch departments and legislative branch agencies, is prohibited from making a contract with, or giving an official position to, one who is in default to the City.



Andrew J. Dillon May 11, 2012 Page 2

# CONFIDENTIAL AND PRIVILEGED ATTORNEY-CLIENT COMMUNICATION

In accordance Section 7.5-209 of the 2012 Detroit City Charter, this is to notify you that, due to debts that the State of Michigan owed to the City prior to City Council adoption of its Resolution concerning, and the Mayor's execution of, the Financial Stability Agreement, the City was not authorized to enter into a binding contract with the State of Michigan. Therefore, the Financial Stability Agreement is void and unenforceable as a matter of law.

In order to protect the City's interests, this is a formal notice to you, as the State Treasurer, of the State of Michigan's obligation to pay the following outstanding debts due and owing to the City of Detroit:

- 1) A water bill for owed by the State of Michigan to the City of Detroit in the amount of approximately 4.75 Million Dollars; and
- 2) Revenue sharing owed by the State of Michigan to the City of Detroit in the amount of \$224 Million Dollars as admitted by you on January 3, 2012 during the "Inside Detroit" Show on WCHB.

Please be advised that we are in the process of gathering information relative to other outstanding debts owed by the State of Michigan to the City of Detroit. In the meanwhile, we request that you respond, in writing, to the above two delineated items no later than Friday, May 18, 2012.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Respectfully,

Corporation Counsel

cc:

Hon. Mayor Dave Bing

Hon. Charles Pugh

Hon. Gary Brown

Hon. Saunteel Jenkins

Hon. Kenneth V. Cockrel, Jr.

Hon. Brenda Jones

Hon. Andrey L. Spivey

Hon. James Tate

Hon. Kwame Kenyatta

Hon. JoAnn Watson

E X H I B I T

C

RICK SNYDER

GOVERNOR



# STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY LANSING

ANDY DILLON STATE TREASURER

May 16, 2012

Krystal A. Crittendon Corporation Counsel for the City of Detroit 660 Woodward Avenue, Suite 1650 Detroit, Michigan 48226-3535

Re: Financial Stability Agreement between the State and City of Detroit

Dear Ms. Crittendon:

This letter is in response to your letter dated May 11, 2012 in which you contend that the Financial Stability Agreement (FSA) is "void and unenforceable as a matter of law" because you claim that the State has outstanding "debts" to the City. This contention is based on a dispute regarding a water bill from 2010 and the State's past reduction in revenue sharing to the City. You cite MCL 117.5(1)(f) of the Michigan Home Rule City Act, which provides that a city may not enter a contract with "one who is in default," and further cite the 2012 Detroit City Charter, § 2-113, which adopted language from this statute.

Before addressing these claims, it is important to note that the FSA was created to provide citizens with assurances that Detroit would begin to tackle the severe financial problems that have plagued the city for decades and provide residents with the services that they deserve. It was crafted through a collaborative effort between the State, through the Governor-appointed City of Detroit Financial Review Team, and the City's elected Mayor and Council. The willingness of Mayor Dave Bing and the Detroit City Council to come to this agreement shows their commitment to reach the long sought-after goal of financial stability in Detroit.

The claims that the agreement is "void and unenforceable" based on debts owed to the city are confusing in light of applicable law and the facts at hand. From both a legal and common sense perspective, the FSA is a valid and enforceable contract, and necessary for Detroit to begin to move forward. Because the City voluntarily entered into the agreement, and all the facts cited in your letter as the basis for it being "void and unenforceable" were known to you and the City at that time, we must assume that the claim made in your letter is based upon some sort of

misunderstanding. It naturally remains our intent to move forward in resolving the City's severe financial problems under the terms of the FSA.

To be clear, the State is not in default to the City.

Assuming for purposes of a response only that MCL 117.5(1)(f) would foreclose a municipality from entering into a contract with another governmental entity that is in "default," there is no basis to claim that the State has defaulted on its obligations to the City. Consistent with Attorney General Opinion No. 7241, a "default" under that provision arises where "[a] person has failed to meet a financial, contractual, or other obligation to the city after adequate notice of the obligation and opportunity to cure it were provided to the person and the obligation is not the subject of a pending judicial or administrative proceeding." OAG, No. 7241, February 10, 2010, p. 108 (emphasis added).

With respect to the "\$4.75 million" water bill from 2010, this matter is currently the subject of an administrative hearing under the caption, In the Matter of Deborah Gillis v. Detroit Water and Sewerage Department (Hearing No. 1527). As you know, on March 1, 2012, the hearing officer adjourned the hearing date to enable the parties to exchange documentation. The issue about any obligation of the State to make payment here is disputed and is the subject of a pending administrative proceeding. There is no "default."

With respect to the State's reduction in statutory revenue sharing to the City, there is no legal obligation for the State to maintain statutory revenue sharing payments to the City at a specific level. The State has no outstanding debt of \$224 million to the City. The administration worked with the City and the legislature last year to enact Public Acts 56 and 57 to enable the city to collect \$120,000,000 in city income tax and \$42,000,000 in utility users tax that they would not have been legally able to given its decrease in Census population.

The State fully anticipates that the City will meet its obligations under the financial stability agreement. The agreement itself outlines the obligations of the parties under the agreement in 6.1 ("obligations of the parties"), and the process by which the Financial Advisory Board will determine if there is an uncured, material breach of the agreement under 6.2 ("material breach; default"). The agreement also provides for the remedies for an uncured material breach of this agreement, listing in (a) through (f), the actions that may be taken in response under 6.3.

The State is committed to the financial stability agreement, and to the success of the City of Detroit. The financial stability agreement is the linchpin to this success.

If you wish to discuss this matter further, please do not hesitate to contact my office and we can schedule a meeting to talk about the 2010 water bill, revenue sharing, or any other matter that you believe is relevant for the State to consider.

Sincerely yours,

Andy Dillon State/Treasurer

cc: Hon. Mayor Dave Bing

Hon. Charles Pugh

Hon. Gary Brown

Hon. Saunteel Jenkins

Hon. Kenneth V. Cockrel, Jr.

Hon. Brenda Jones

Hon. Andrey L. Spivey

Hon. James Tate

Hon. Kwame Kenyatta

Hon. JoAnn Watson

E X H I B I T

D

#### AFFIDAVIT OF DANIEL WOITULEWICZ

State of Michigan	).
County of Wayne	)ss )

Daniel Woitulewicz, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am a City of Detroit Finance Department employee assigned to the Public Lighting Department. My current title is Manager I Finance.
- 2. That I keep and maintain records in the scope of doing business and I have personal knowledge of accounts for the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation.
- 3. That I have examined the records of the Public Lighting Department related to unpaid accounts and the following invoices belonging to the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation are delinquent: 109072, 115832, 116278, 116728, 118068, 119046, 121000, 124564, 34829, 94905, 97138, 120547, 121080.
- 4. Accounts described in paragraph 3 above were open and delinquent prior to April 1, 2012.
- 5. That the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation have been billed for the amounts due on the delinquent accounts but they have failed to pay.
- 6. The records reflect that the current delinquent balances on the above described accounts total \$39,730.58.
- 7. The forgoing statements are true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Daniel Woitulewicz

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of May 2012

Notary Public, Wayne County, MI

My Commission Expires: 3-19-18

EXHIBIT D 1

#### AFFIDAVIT OF JAMES CANTY

- I, James Canty being first duly sworn depose and says as follows:
- I am employed by the City of Detroit as the Department Manager II of the Parking Violation Bureau.
- 2. The Parking Violation Bureau is an entity within the Municipal Parking Department, a Department of the City of Detroit.
- 3. The Parking Violation Bureau keeps and maintains records in the scope and course of doing business.
- 4. I have reviewed the records of the Parking Violation Bureau and as of April 1, 2011, the State of Michigan owed the City of Detroit for the following unpaid parking tickets.

Ticket Numbers	Amount due
Z 11339624	\$30.00
Z 11071664	\$30.00
Z 08661424	\$20.00
Z 05853676	\$20.00
Z 05432490	\$30.00
Z 03866752	\$30.00
Z 03150486	\$30.00
Z 01055622	\$20.00

G:\DOCS\TAX\taubdm\a34000\afdvt\MW1235.WPD



Z 01289691		e:	\$20.00
M 25513865			\$30.00
J 61331340			\$30.00
J 61145954	48		\$30.00
M 13695242			\$20.00
M 47552643			\$20.00 <sup>-</sup>
J 60726396			\$30.00
J 60563580			\$30.00
M 2536075	6 <b>8</b> 8		\$20.00
M 25344955			\$20.00
M 44581396			\$30.00
M 25332565			\$30.00
M 25331423			\$30.00
M 02379624			\$30,00
M 10298094			\$20.00
M 50456523			\$20.00
M 36246103			\$30.00
M 49205262	2		\$20,00
M 10275930	ē.		\$30.00
М 32533782			\$30.00
M 50439093			\$30.00
M 50428276			\$30.00

M 16705150	\$30.00
M 37440885	\$30.00
M 10248884	\$30.00
M 22535892	\$20.00
B 6090	\$25.00
M 48625942	\$30.00
M 30156486	\$20.00
Z 02987666	\$30,00
Z 02382951	\$20.00
Z 01037960	\$20.00
M 44574703	\$30.00
E 00224814	\$30.00
M 25206300	\$30.00
M 50512626	\$20.00
Z 05742844	\$20.00
M 50461762	\$30.00
Z 03460973	\$20.00

5. The State of Michigan owes the City of Detroit as of April 1, 2012, One Thousand Two Hundred Dollars and 00/100 (\$1,225.00) for delinquent parking tickets.

6. The foregoing statements are true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.
Further affiant sayeth not

JAMES CANTY

DEPARTMENT MANAGER II

MUNICIPAL PARKING DEPARTMENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25 day of May, 2012.

Notary Public, Wayne County, MI
My Commission Expires 3-19-18

#### AFFIDAVIT OF TONY CLAY

State of Michigan	)
	)\$8
County of Wayne	)

Tony Clay being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am a City of Detroit Finance Department employee and my current title is Administrative Supervisor of Licenses, Permits and Revenue Collection.
- 2. That I keep and maintain records in the scope of doing business and I have personal knowledge of accounts for the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation.
- 3. That I have examined the records of the Finance Department related to unpaid accounts referred to the Finance Department and unpaid invoices belonging to the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation are delinquent in the total amount of \$1,395,377.10.
- 4. Accounts described in paragraph 3 above were open and delinquent prior to April 1, 2012.
- 5. That the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation have been billed for the amounts due on the delinquent accounts but they have failed to pay.
- 6. The records reflect that the current delinquent balances on the above described accounts total \$1,395,377.10.

7. The forgoing statements are true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this of the day of Mau

Notary Public, Wayne County, MI

My Commission Expires: 11-15-2018

CYNTHIA SUE GEE
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF MI
COUNTY OF MACOMB
MY COMMESSION EXPIRES NOV 15, 8016
ACTING IN COUNTY OF MACOMB

G:\DOC\$\TAX\murrp[\u32000\FORM\PJM5062,WPD

EXHIBIT 13



#### **BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS** City of Detroit

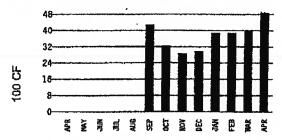
PO Box 32711 Detroit, MI 48232-0711 gro.bawb.www

sinmer Service: (313) 267-8000 n-Fri 8:00 AM - 5:60 PM siner Emergency Mumber: (343) 267-7401

STATE OF MICHIGAN-DMB ATTN:FINANCIAL SERVICES P.O. BOX 30026 LANSING MI 48909-7526

Your water usage for this month was 4,800 CF (which equals 35,900 Gallons).

Your water usage for the same time period last year was 0 CF (which equals 0 Gallons).



Your Water Usage History In 100 CF (100 CF = 748 Gallons)

#### WATER METER INFORMATION

Meter	From	To	#Days	Provious	Current	Ueage
19000336	3/15/12	4/18/12	32	246	294 EST	48

Sewerage Disposal Sewer Subtotal	
Total Amount Due	

ACCOUNT INFORMATION

**CUSTOMER CLASS** 

ACCOUNT NUMBER

SERVICE ADDRESS

ACCOUNT ACTIVITY

PREVIOUS BALANCE

ACCOUNT BALANCE

TOTAL PAID SINCE LAST BILL

**CURRENT WATER CHARGES** Water Usage Water Service Charge

**CURRENT SEWER CHARGES** 

**New Actual Account Balance** 

SERVICE PERIOD

BILLING DATE

LATE FEE

Water Subtotal

4,785,419.52

CITY COMMERCIAL

19900 WOODWARD AVE

03/15/2012 to 04/16/2012

30-0541,300

04/20/2012

4,785,816,77 910.91CR

4,784,913.29

83.97

240.50

324.47

177.36 4.40 181.76

506.23

#### SPECIAL MESSAGE

Your water usage history is not available to be printed on the bill prior to the installation of the new metering technology. If this information is needed, please contact Customer Service at 313-267-8000 and a water consumption history can be mailed.

- \*\* This is a Duplicate Ett. Any unpaid Utility Charges are \*\*
- \*\* subject to a 5% Penalty after Penalty Date.

#### ACCOUNT BALANCE

AMOUNT DUE AMOUNT PAST DUE TOTAL AMOUNT DUE

\$508.23 \$4,784,913.29

\*\*\* PAST DUE NOTICE \*\*\* If past due balance is not paid immediately service is subject to disconnection

PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION WITH YOUR PAYMENT; PAYABLE TO THE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS When saying in passon, please tring entire titl. Always include year account custoes on your cheet or mapsy order. It paying by mall, please allow 3 to 6 totaless days for proces

#### ACCOUNT INFORMATION

ACCOUNT NUMBER SERVICE ADDRESS

30-0541.300 19900 WOODWARD AVE TOTAL AMOUNT DUE DUE DATE

AMOUNT DUE

\$4,785,419.52 05/15/2012

SERVICE PERIOD BILLING DATE

03/15/2012 to 04/16/2012 04/20/2012

AMOUNT ENCLOSED

STATE OF MICHIGAN-DMB ATTN:FINANCIAL SERVICES P.O. BOX 30026 LANSING MI 48909-7526



0300541300 0478541952 0

\$4,785,419.52



## BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS

City of Detroit 007-3010.400

PO Box 32711 Detroit, Mt 46232-0711 www.dwsd.org

### MICH BERT OF TRANSPORTATION

STATE OF MICHIGAN HIGHWAYS

Customer Services (313) 267-8060 Mon-Frt 6:00 AM - 5:00 PM 24 Hour Emergency Numbers (313) 267-7401

5/08/12 6/06/12

HIGHWAY DRAINAGE

ACCOUNT ACTIVITY

STORMWATER DRAINAGE CHARGES FOR THE MONTH OF: APRIL 2012

PREVIOUS ACTIVITY

Previous Balance

Payment 4/28/12 - THANK YOU

\$344,332.59 \$76,385.83CR

Balance Forward

\$267,946.76

CURRENT ACTIVITY

Total Current Charges

\$76,385.83

Total Amount Now Due

\$344,332.59

WATER METER INFORMATION

Motor From To #Days Previous Current Usage

SPECIAL MESSAGE

ACCOUNT BALANCE

PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION WITH YOUR PAYMENT: PAYABLE TO THE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS.
When grying in passon, please bring entire lift. Always include your account number on your clinck or money order. It paybegtly mall, please allow 3 to 5 turnings skys fay proceeding.

ACCOUNT INFORMATION

AMOUNT DUE

6/08/12

344,332.59

344,332.59

6/06/12

AMOUNT ENCLOSED

STATE OF MICHIGAN HIGHWAYS

EXHIBIT D.

### STATE OF MICHIGAN THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT COUNTY OF WAYNE

Rose Root, City of Detroit Resident; Yolanda King, City of Detroit Resident; and Yvonne Ross City of Detroit Resident;

Plaintiffs,

٧.

The City of Detroit, Detroit City Council, and Dave Bing, in his capacity as Mayor of the City of Detroit,

Defendants.

HERBERT A. SANDERS (P-43031) THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C. Attorney for Plaintiffs 615 Griswold, Suite 913 Detroit, MI 48226 haslawpc@gmail.com Phone: (313) 962-0099

Fax: (313) 962-004

## **NOTICE OF HEARING**

CONCERNING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION SEEKING A DECLARATORY JUDGMENT THAT THE FINANCIAL STABILITY AGREEMENT IS VOID AB INITIO; AND REQUEST FOR A SPEEDY HEARING IN ACCORDANCE WITH MCR 2.605.

Please take notice that the above indicated motion will take place on July 6, 2012, at 9:00 am, in the Coleman A. Young Municipal Center, at the Court of the Wayne County Circuit Judge as indicated on the above placed sticker, or as soon thereafter as the Court may allow.

June 29, 2012

By:

HERBERT A SANDERS (P-43031) THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C.

Attorney for Plaintiffs

# STATE OF MICHIGAN THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT COUNTY OF WAYNE

Rose Root, City of Detroit Resident; Yolanda King, City of Detroit Resident; and Yvonne Ross City of Detroit Resident;

Plaintiffs,

٧.

The City of Detroit, Detroit City Council, and Dave Bing, in his capacity as Mayor of the City of Detroit,

#### Defendants.

HERBERT A. SANDERS (P- 43031)
THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C.
Attorney for Plaintiffs
615 Griswold, Suite 913
Detroit, MI 48226
haslawpc@gmail.com

Phone: (313) 962-0099 Fax: (313) 962-0044

# PLAINTIFFS' MOTION SEEKING A DECLARATORY JUDGMENT THAT THE FINANCIAL STABILITY AGREEMENT IS VOID AB INITIO; AND REQUEST FOR A SPEEDY HEARING IN ACCORDANCE WITH MCR 2.605.

Plaintiffs Rose Root and Yolanda King ("Plaintiffs") under MCR 2.605, move for declaratory relief as to the validity of the contract entitled "Financial Stability Agreement" and in support say:

1. The Financial Stability Agreement is based, upon, Public Act 4 of 2011, the Local Government and School District Fiscal Accountability Act, MCL 141.1501 through MCL 141.1531.

- 2. The Plaintiffs' complaint seeks a declaratory judgment that the *Financial Stability*Agreement is void ab initio because, at the time the contract was purportedly made, the

  State of Michigan was "in default" to the City on utility bills, parking violations, and other obligations.
- 3. Under Section 5(f) of the Home Rule City Act, MCL 117.5(f) a home rule city like Detroit "does not have the power . . . [t]o make a contract with . . . one who is in default;" And under Section 2-113 of the 2012 Detroit City Charter, the City "is prohibited from making a contract with . . . one who is in default to the City."
- 4. This case presents a straightforward issue of law as to the validity of a contract allegedly made by the City.
- 5. There is an actual controversy between the parties that can be decided upon the applicable law and the documents appended to the complaint.
- 6. The Plaintiffs have submitted competent evidence with its complaint that shows that the State has failed to pay hundreds of thousands of dollars that are past due to the City, if not many millions of dollars.
- 7. The contract at issue imposes complex and burdensome financial and operational obligations on the City, includes punitive consequences for possible defaults there under, and reshapes the very nature of the City's government under its Charter and ordinances.
- 8. The contract calls for appointments, acts, reports and other actions, some of which have already taken place, and many of which come due in a matter of weeks.
- 9. A speedy determination of the contract's validity is essential to the proper functioning of the City's government and services to be provided to its citizens.

- 10. Because the Defendants are governmental agencies or officials, declaratory relief alone is expected to be all that is necessary in order to resolve this action.
- 11. There is no genuine issue of material fact and the Plaintiffs are entitled to a declaratory judgment that:

The Financial Stability Agreement is void ab initio and unenforceable because the State of Michigan was in default to the City of Detroit at the time that the Contract purportedly was made or entered into.

Wherefore, the Plaintiffs move for Entry of a Declaratory Judgment as set forth above or in some form as the Court deems proper.

June 27, 2012

HERBERT A. SANDERS (P- 43031) THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C.

**Attorney for Plaintiffs** 

### STATE OF MICHIGAN THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COURT COUNTY OF WAYNE

Rose Root, City of Detroit Resident; Yolanda King, City of Detroit Resident; and Yvonne Ross City of Detroit Resident;

Plaintiffs,

V.

The City of Detroit, Detroit City Council, and Dave Bing, in his capacity as Mayor of the City of Detroit,

Defendants.

HERBERT A. SANDERS (P-43031)
THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C.
Attorney for Plaintiffs
615 Griswold, Suite 913
Detroit, MI 48226
haslawpc@gmail.com

Phone: (313) 962-0099 Fax: (313) 962-0044

BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION
SEEKING A DECLARATORY JUDGMENT
THAT THE FINANCIAL STABILITY AGREEMENT IS VOID AB INITIO;
AND REQUEST FOR A SPEEDY HEARING IN ACCORDANCE WITH MCR 2.605.

#### I. ISSUE

Whether the *Financial Stability Agreement* is void ab initio wherein at the time the city of Detroit entered into the agreement with the State of Michigan, the State of Michigan was in default as it relates to financial obligations owed to the city of Detroit?

Plaintiffs answer:

Yes.

Defendants answer:

No.

#### II. FACTS

The City of Detroit (hereinafter "the City") is a home rule city organized under *PA* 279 of 1909, as amended, the Home Rule City Act, MCL 117.1 et seq. (hereinafter "the HRCA"). The City has comprehensive home rule power under the State Constitution of 1963, the HRCA and the 2012 Charter of the City of Detroit (hereinafter the "2012 Detroit Charter"). The City's power is subject to the limitations on the exercise of that power contained in the Constitution, Charter, or imposed by statute.

On or about April 9, 2012, the City and the State purported to enter into a contract entitled "Financial Stability Agreement" (hereinafter "the Contract" or "the FSA"). A copy of the Contract is attached as Exhibit A to the complaint. The Contract was signed by Andy Dillon for the Treasury Department and as the State Financial Authority, by State of Michigan Governor Richard D. Snyder, by City of Detroit Mayor Dave Bing, by City of Detroit Deputy Mayor Kirk Lewis acting for Mayor Dave Bing, and by members of the Financial Review Team for the City of Detroit. The City Clerk has attested that on April 4, 2011, the Contract was approved by a resolution adopted by the Detroit City Council.

The Financial Stability Agreement is based upon, *Public Act 4 of 2011*, the *Local Government and School District Fiscal Accountability Act, MCL 141.1501* through MCL 141.1531 (hereinafter "PA 4"). Like a "consent agreement" as provided for by *Section 13 of PA 4, MCL 1415.1513(1)(c)*, the Contract was negotiated by or on behalf of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For convenience, the document at issue will be referred to as a "contract" without admitting that it is a valid contract.

Detroit Financial Review Team appointed by Governor Snyder under PA 4 and Mayor Bing. As provided by PA 4, the Contract was approved by the Detroit City Council, and approved by Governor Snyder.

The Contract states that it is made under the "comprehensive home rule and other powers, privileges and authority of the City to enter into contracts on matters of municipal concern including, but not limited to, under Act 279 [the HRCA], the Charter, and other applicable law . . . "

Section 5(f) of the Home Rule City Act, MCL 117.5(f), provides that a home rule city like Detroit "does not have the power . . . [t]o make a contract with . . . one who is in default." The same limitation is found in Section 2-113 of the 2012 Detroit Charter which provides: "The City of Detroit, through its executive branch departments and legislative branch agencies, is prohibited from making a contract with . . . one who is in default to the City."

As shown by the affidavits and public records attached as Group Exhibit D to the Complaint, on and prior to April 1, 2012, the State was in default to the City on obligations including:

- a. \$39,730.58 past due on invoices for electrical services to the State of Michigan
   Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of
   Transportation (Complaint Exhibit D1);
- b. \$1,225.00 for delinquent parking violations for vehicles registered to the State of
   Michigan (Complaint Exhibit D2);
- c. \$1,395,377.10 past due on invoices to the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and the Michigan Department of Transportation (Exhibit D3);

- d. \$4,723,926.65 in unpaid charges for water and sewerage service at the State of
   Michigan Fairgrounds (Complaint Exhibit D4); and
- e. \$267,946.76 owed for the drainage of state highways (Complaint Exhibit D5).

The City also contends that revenue sharing monies are owed by the State to the City in the amount of \$225,000,000.00,<sup>2</sup> as was admitted to by Andy Dillon in January of 2012.<sup>3</sup>

The City's Corporation Counsel has opined that there is no valid contract between the parties because, on or before the date when the Contract was made, the State was

I agree that the deal reached back in 1997 said to Detroit that if you cut your income tax, we promised we wouldh like up a revenue sharing number it totals up to \$270 million a year and if you add up the shortfall and the state failed to live up to that 10 year deal and you add up the lost revenue sharing, it totals up to \$224 million. So we don't deny that deal was not kept.

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The state failed to live up to that 10 year deal and if you add up the last revenue sharing it totals \$224 million. So we don't deny that deal was not kept; although Detroit, like all other cities across the state that received revenue sharing, that's statutory revenue sharing, did receive deductions beginning in about 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 1988 PA 500 provided for annual decreases in the resident and non-resident income tax rates charged by the City of Detroit under the City Income Tax Act. To lessen the impact of that reduction, the legislature also passed 1988 PA 532 which provides that the State's annual revenue sharing payments to the City were frozen at \$333,900,000.00 through fiscal year 2005-06 plus six months. PA 500 and PA 532 were tie barred to ensure that they both took effect. The State did meet the obligation not to keep revenue sharing fixed as was provided in PA 532, but decreased the payments made for a number of years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> On January 3, 2012, Andy Dillon appearing on the *Inside Detroit Radio Show* with Mildred Gaddis on *WCHB-AM* admitted:

in default to the City. See the letters sent to State Treasurer, Andy Dillon and Governor Snyder, attached as Group Exhibit B to the Complaint.<sup>4</sup>

The State, by Andy Dillon, now contends that the State is not in default on any obligation to the City, and that even if it were, the Financial Stability Agreement is valid and enforceable. The State's position in that regard is set forth in a letter sent by Andy Dillon, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit C to the Complaint.

The Financial Stability Agreement imposes numerous costly and time consuming operational and financial obligations on the City, some of which have been implemented, and more of which are due to occur in the near future. A majority of the City Council does not want to take actions that will affect the health, safety and welfare of Detroit's citizens under a Contract that is void, unenforceable, or violates Section 2-113 of the 2012 Detroit City Charter.

#### III. STANDARD OF REVIEW

### (A) Power to Enter Declaratory Judgment.

- (1) In a case of actual controversy within its jurisdiction, a Michigan court of record may declare the rights and other legal relations of an interested party seeking a declaratory judgment, whether or not other relief is or could be sought or granted.
- (2) For the purpose of this rule, an action is considered within the jurisdiction of a court if the court would have jurisdiction of an action on the same claim or claims in which the plaintiff sought relief other than a declaratory judgment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> While it is not directly germane to this action, the Court may ask why the State's "in default" status was not raised before the FSA was approved by the City Council. Apparently, the State's unpaid debts to the City were not considered before the FSA was signed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The normal process includes reviews for income tax and other debts. If debts are owed, the proposed contract will not be submitted for City Council approval required by Charter § 4-122.

- (B) Procedure. The procedure for obtaining declaratory relief is in accordance with these rules, and the right to trial by jury may be demanded under the circumstances and in the manner provided in the constitution, statutes, and court rules of the State of Michigan.
- (C) Other Adequate Remedy. The existence of another adequate remedy does not preclude a judgment for declaratory relief in an appropriate case.
- (D) Hearing. The court may order a speedy hearing of an action for declaratory relief and may advance it on the calendar.
- (E) Effect; Review. Declaratory judgments have the force and effect of, and are reviewable as, final judgments.
- (F) Other Relief. Further necessary or proper relief based on a declaratory judgment may be granted, after reasonable notice and hearing, against a party whose rights have been determined by the declaratory judgment.

The existence of an 'actual controversy' is a condition precedent to invocation of declaratory relief and this requirement "prevents a court from deciding hypothetical issues." *Shavers v Attorney General*, 402 Mich. 554, 588-589; 267 N.W. 2d 72 (1978). But declaratory relief is designed to give litigants access to courts to preliminarily determine their rights. *Id*, at 588; MCR 2.605(A)(1). An actual controversy may exist where declaratory relief is needed to guide a plaintiff's future conduct, and the "court is not precluded from reaching issues before actual injuries or losses have occurred." *Shavers, supra* at 589. See *City of Detroit v. State, 262 Mich. App. 542, 550-55; 686 NW2d 514 (2004), 1v den, 473 Mich 851 (2005)*. As explained in *Rose v State Farm Mut. Auto Ins. Co.,* 274 Mich App 291, 732 NW2d 160 (2006):

The purpose of a declaratory judgment is to enable the parties to obtain an adjudication of rights before an actual injury occurs or to settle a matter before it ripens into a violations of law or breach of contract and to avoid multiplicity of actions by affording a remedy for declaring in expedient actions the rights and obligations of all litigants.

In this case, the Plaintiffs have pled and can prove facts to establish that an actual controversy exists necessitating a determination by the Court of the validity of the FSA.

#### ARGUMENT

A. THE CONTRACT ENTITLED "FINANCIAL STABILITY AGREEMENT" IS VOID AB INITIO BECAUSE AT THE TIME IT PURPORTEDLY WAS MADE, THE STATE WAS IN DEFAULT ON UTILITY BILLS, FINES AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS TO THE CITY; AND THE LAW DENIES A CITY THE POWER TO MAKE A CONTRACT WITH ONE WHO IS IN DEFAULT.

This action for declaratory relief poses the singular questions of whether the FSA is void because the City lacked power to make that Contract with the State which was in default on debts and other obligations to the City. As acknowledged by State and City in the FSA that:

Whereas, the City is a political subdivision of the State of Michigan organized as a body corporate under Act 279, Public Acts of Michigan, 1909, as amended, the Home Rule City Act ("Act 279"), with the people of Detroit having created and provided for their continuing control of the municipal government of the City by adopting a Home Rule Charter (the "Charter") and the People of the State of Michigan conferring comprehensive home rule power to the City through the State Constitution of 1963, subject to the limitations on the exercise of that power contained in the Constitution or the Charter, or imposed by statute[.] FSA, Exhibit A to Complaint at p 2 (emphasis added).

A home rule city enjoys not only those powers specifically granted to it, but may also exercise all powers not expressly denied. *City of Detroit v. Walker, 445 Mich.* 682, 690; 520 NW2d 135 (1994).

1. The Home Rule City Act and 2012 City Charter Deny Detroit The Power To Make A Contract With One Who Is In Default To The City.

While a home rule city like Detroit has broad power to govern its affairs, the legislature has specifically denied cities certain powers in Section 5 of the Home Rule

City Act ("HRCA"), MCL 117.5. For instance, a city cannot raise taxes unless approved by the voters; it cannot submit a charter more often than every two years; it cannot decrease a district judge's salary after election or appointment; and it cannot repudiate a debt by a charter change or a municipal consolidation. At issue here is the limitation in HRCA § 5(f) that provides a home rule city "does not have the power . . . [t]o make a contract with . . . one who is in default." MCL 115.5(f). Similarly, under Section 2-113 of the 2012 Detroit City Charter, the City "is prohibited from making a contract with . . one who is in default to the City".

Where a city does not have the power to make a contract, a valid contract cannot be formed. "The essential elements of a contract are *parties competent to contract*, a proper subject matter, legal consideration, mutuality of agreement, and mutuality of obligation." *Mallory v city of Detroit, 181 Mich App 121, 127; 449 NW2d 115 (1989)* (*emphasis added*). Under the HRCA and Detroit City Charter, the City is not competent to make a contract where it has been denied the power to do so by controlling law.

The terms used in HRCA § and Charter § 2-113 are not defined. Under the plain meaning of the terms used, the limitation on the City's power to make a contract with the State applies to the FSA, and "in default" means to be delinquent on any debt, financial or other obligation.

# 2. Under Rules of Statutory Construction, the Terms used In The HRCA and The City Charter Must Be Given Their Plain And Ordinary Meaning.

The rules of statutory construction are well established. "The Legislature is presumed to have intended the meaning it has plainly expressed." See *Rowland v Washtenaw Co Rd Comm, 477 Mich 197, 219; 731 NW2d 41 (2007).* Clear statutory language must be enforced as written. See *Fluo Enters. V. Revenue Div., Dep't of* 

Treasury, 477 Mich. 170, 174, 730 NW2d 722 (2007). Where a statute is ambiguous, a "court's goal is to effectuate the Legislature's intent through a reasonable construction, considering the purpose of the statute and the object sought to be accomplished." See Tull v WTF, Inc. 268 Mich App 24, 31; 706 NW2d 439 (2005).

Where a statute does not define the words contained within it, a court must construe and understand them according to common and approved usage of the language. *MCL 8.3a.* To determine the common, ordinary meaning, courts may consult dictionary definitions. See *People v Peals*, 476 Mich 646, 641; 720 NW2d 196 (2006). A court must avoid a construction that renders any part of a statute surplusage or nugatory and also consider the plain meaning of critical words or phrases as well as their placement and purpose in a statutory scheme. See *People v Redden*, 290 Mich App 65, 76-77; 799 NW2d 184 (2010), appeal withdrawn 489 Mich 985 (2011).

The rules regarding statutory construction extend to the construction of home rule charters. See *Walker*, 445 Mich at 690-691. Courts construe a charter's language by its commonly accepted meaning as long as it does not produce absurdity, hardship, injustice, or prejudice to the drafters and ratifiers. *Id*.

# 3. The FSA is a "contract" subject to the HRCA and Charter limitation on making a "contract" with one who is in default.

HRCA § 5(f) and Charter § 2-113 simply refer to "a contract" without any definition or limitation. Contract is defined by *Webster's II New Collegiate Dictionary* as, "a legally enforceable agreement between two or more parties." Or as defined by *Black's Law Dictionary* (5<sup>th</sup> Ed), "An agreement between two or more persons which creates an obligation to do or not to do a particular thing." The FSA plainly is an agreement between two entities under which the City and the State have agreed to do or not do

certain things, and it otherwise has all the hallmarks legally recognized as a contract – making specific detailed reference to events of default, defining breaches and remedies, having a definite duration, and requiring signatures and approvals before it takes effect.

The FSA is a consent agreement negotiated and signed by the Detroit Financial Review Team. The Court of Appeals has acknowledged that a consent agreement is a contract. Davis v City of Detroit Financial Review Team, Michigan Court of Appeals Docket No(s) 309218, 309250, 309482, (2012), slip op. at p 20, n. 113. (observing that the consent agreement negotiated by the Detroit Review Team was executor and would have no binding effect until it was confirmed).

## 4. The State of Michigan is "one who" the City lacks the power to make a contract with, if the State is in default.

HRCA § 5(f) and Charter § 2-113 prohibit making a contract with "one" who is in default. There is hardly a more inclusive word in the English language, save perhaps the word "any." There is no provision in the HRCA, other state law, or the City's Charter that limits those with which the city cannot contract if they are in default.

A "state" is a unit or an entity, commonly known as a body politic. See McPherson v Sec'y of State, 92 Mich 377, 382 (1892)(construing "state" in a provision of the U.S. Constitution to mean "the body politic and corporate"); See also, Beagle v Motor Vehicle Acc Indemnification Corp, 44 Misc2d 636, 254 NYS2d 763, 765 (1964). A state is a body or people occupying a definite territory and politically organized under one government. See State ex rel Maisano v Mitchell, 155 Conn 256; 231 A2d 539, 542 (1967). As defined in Websters II New College Dictionary, a state is "one of the more or less autonomous units of a federal government." There is nothing to suggest that the

State of Michigan is not included among the plain meaning of the term "one" in the HRCA and Detroit City Charter.

"One" is akin to the Latin work "unus." Disregarding its numerical meaning it is defined by Webster's II College Dictionary as a noun: "a single person or entity: unit", and as a pronoun: "an indefinitely specified person or thing." The State of Michigan is an entity, being one of fifty states in our nation. It is no different than other entities like the City of Detroit, a private corporation, to other states. To suggest that "one" applies only to persons would lead to the ludicrous result that only human beings in default could not make a contract with a City, but any other entity in default could do so. The broadly inclusive term "one" includes any person, thing, unit, or entity. Surely, the State is an entity. In Oakland County Bd of County Rd Commissioners v Michigan Property & Casualty Guaranty Assoc, 456 Mich 590, 575 NW2d 751 (1998), the Michigan Supreme Court held that the term "any legal entity," a narrower term than "one" used in the HRCA, did include the State. After discussing the case law regarding the application of statutes to the State, the Supreme Court reasoned:

Now we must determine whether the state is a person within the meaning of the act. We again touch on our rules of statutory construction. Where a statute does not define a term, we will construe it in accordance with its ordinary and generally accepted meaning, Shallal, supra at 611; Western Michigan, supra 455 Mich. At 539. A court may consult dictionary definitions when terms are not expressly defined by a statue. People v Denio, 454 Mich. 691, 699, 564 NW2d 13 (1997). Again, the statue provides that the definition of person under the Insurance Code includes an individual, organization, Lloyds, association, insurer. company. reciprocal or inter-insurance exchange, partnership, syndicate, business trust, corporation, and any other legal entity. **IMCL** 500.114; MSA 24.1114 (emphasis added). f⁵

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Further, the term "legal entity" is defined by *Black's law Dictionary* (6<sup>th</sup> ed) defines legal entity as; "Legal existence. An entity, other than a natural person, who

Surely the state has such a legal existence. The state, which undoubtedly functions in the legal capacity described in the definition of legal entity, comes within the ordinary and generally accepted meaning of legal entity. Thus the state falls within the definition of person provided by the Legislature in the act.

The Supreme Court rejected the State's argument that the statute did not apply to the State because it was not clear that the Legislature so intended. The Supreme Court agreed that this rule only applied where the application of a statute would result in an unconstitutional infringement on sovereign immunity or would have conflicted with rights conferred on the state or a state agency by other legislation dealing with the same subject matter. *Id. at 605*. The Supreme Court held that the Act at issue did not divest any right or interest of the state, and the Act did not impose liability on the state. *Id. at 606*.

The same reasoning applies to the use of "one" in the HRCA. "One" includes a person, thing or entity – and the State is an entity. Application of Section 5(f) of the HRCA to the State does not result in any unconstitutional infringement of the State's immunity, nor does it conflict with another law dealing with the same subject matter. Indeed, applying the HRCA to the State is consistent with *PA 4 of 2011* which provides that where an Emergency Financial Manager is appointed, that manager can "exercise the powers" granted to a city by the HRCA (*MCL 141.1519(d)*), but give no power to a manager to disregard limitations imposed by the HRCA. Finally, any limitation on "one"

has sufficient existence in legal contemplation that it can function legally, be sued or sue and make decisions through agents as in the case of corporations".

under HRCA § 5(f) would have no application to the term "one" in Detroit Charter § 2-113.

# 5. "In Default" Means That One Has Failed To Meet A Financial, Contractual, Or Other Obligation To The City.

"In default" is not defined in HRCA § 5(f) or Charter § 2-113. "In" can only fairly be understood to refer to the state or condition of default, i.e., being in default. The principal definition of default, as a noun in *Webster's II New College Dictionary* is "Failure to perform a task or fulfill an obligation, esp. failure to meet a financial obligation." As a verb it means "to fail to do what is required; to fail to pay money when it is due." *Id*.

One Michigan case involving the legislature's undefined use of the term default supports the dictionary definitions above. In *School Dist of Lansing v Lansing*, 260 Mich 405, 412; 245 NW2d 449 (1932), the Court explained:

A default is defined as "The nonperformance of a duty, whether arising Under a contract or otherwise" (1 Bouvier's Law Dictionary [Rawle's 1<sup>st</sup> Rev.], p. 527); as "The omission or failure to fulfill a duty, observe a promise, discharge an obligation, or perform an agreement" (Black's Law Dictionary [2d Ed.], p. 342); as "To fail in fulfilling a contract, agreement, or duty." Neglect to do what duty or law requires" (Webster's International Dictionary).<sup>6</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Accord, *Milligan v Milligan*, 197 Mich App 655, 669; 496 NW2d 393 (1992):

<sup>&</sup>quot;Default" is defined as "the omission or failure to perform a legal duty; [or] to observe a promise or discharge an obligation." Black's Law Dictionary (revised 4<sup>th</sup> ed). See also School Dist of Lansing v Lansing, 260 Mich 405, 412; 245 NW 449 (1932) (reviewing definitions of "default"). In Langford v Langford, 196 Mich App 297, 492 NW2d 524 (1992) this Court recently held that "the arrearage on a support order is a judgment amount from the time that amount falls due" (emphasis added). Defendant was "in default" every time he failed to make a support payment that was due. Even if he later cured the default by making payment before the court took action to enforce the judgments, defendant was not immunized from the

A 2010 Attorney General opinion attempting to define "in default" under the HRCA observed:

Legal encyclopedias have commented on the difficulty of defining the word "default" when used as a noun: There is perhaps no larger or looser word. It is a purely relative term, like "negligence," and means nothing more, and nothing Less, than not doing what is reasonable under the circumstances — not Doing something which one ought to do, having regard to the Relations which on occupies toward the other persons in the transaction. It has been said that the word obviously has two meanings, one relating to a failure to perform, the other to conversion or misappropriation of that, which belongs to another. [26A CJS, Default, pp 126-127.] OAG, 2010, No. 7241 p. 3 (February 10, 2010).

The HRCA and Detroit Charter do not define or limit what is meant by "in default," so it must be given its broadest, ordinary meaning. Where a limitation on the term default was intended, the Legislature has done so. For example, in the *General Law Village Act, MCL 62.1 et seq*, the Legislature has provided that a person in default to the village is not eligible for any office in the village, defining "in default" to mean "delinquent in payment of property taxes or a debt owed to the village" under specified circumstances. See *MCL 62.7(2)*.

In attempting to construe "in default" the Attorney General opinion cited above states:

A default is defined as "The nonperformance of a duty, whether arising Under a contract or otherwise" (1 Bouvier's Law Dictionary [Rawle's 1st Rev.], p. 527); as "The omission or failure to fulfill a duty, observe a Promise, discharge an obligation, or perform an agreement" (Black's Law Dictionary [2d Ed.], p. 342); as "To fail in

effects of § 625. The court is authorized to take action "upon default;" the statute does not prevent the court from acting only on uncured defaults.

fulfilling a contract, Agreement, or duty." Neglect to do what duty or law requires" (Webster's International Dictionary). [ld. p 412.]

The second American Heritage Dictionary definition ("[t]o fail to pay Money when it is due") represents a subcategory of the first definition – focusing on failures to do what is required in the context of meeting financial obligations. If offers a common sense meaning of "in default," which would render a person disqualified from participating in a city's government as an appointed official or realizing the benefits of a contract with the city where the person had been determined to owe money to the city. Such financial obligations to a city that would reasonably be encompassed within the term include income taxes, property taxes, utility bills, and other liquidated sums. OAG, 2010, No. 7241 p. 5-6 (February 10, 2010).

6. The State of Michigan Was In Default To The City of Detroit When The Financial Stability Agreement Was Signed By The Mayor And Approved By the Detroit City Council.

The invoices and affidavits attached as Exhibits D1 to D5 to the complaint establish that at the time that the FSA was allegedly executed and approved in early April of 2012, the State owed the City hundreds of thousands of dollars, and more, for past due fines and utility charges. The affidavit of Daniel Woitulewicz attests that utility bills for \$39,730.58 "were open and delinquent prior to April 12, 2012." (Complaint, Exhibit D1). James Canty attests in his affidavit that as of April 1, 2012, 48 parking violations were delinquent in the amount of \$1,225.00. (Complaint, Exhibit D2). Tony Clay attests in his affidavits that the City records show that accounts with the State of Michigan Department of Natural Resources and Department of Transportation, totaling \$1,395,377.10, were open and delinquent prior to April 1, 2012. (Complaint, Exhibit D3). Exhibit D4 to the Complaint is a water invoice to the State of Michigan showing a delinquent balance for water service prior to the billed period of March 15, 2012, in the amount of \$4,785,816.77. An Exhibit D5 to the Complaint shows that even after a

payment of \$76,385.42 made on April 28, 2012, the State Highway Department had a delinquent balance of \$276,946.76.

Neither HRCA § 5(f) or Detroit Charter § 2-113 provides a limitation on the term "in default." Neither the statue or charter provide that a default does not occur until a specified period of time after an obligation, debt, or payment is due, or that a default will not occur while the obligation, debt, or payment is being contested in an administrative tribunal or court of law. Simply put, the record shows that as of April 1, 2012, the State had failed to pay the invoices and fines and was substantially in default to the City on financial obligations.

WHEREFORE, based upon the facts and law presented above, the Plaintiffs pray for Entry of a Declaratory Judgment that the Financial Stability Agreement is void ab initio because at the time it was purportedly made, the State of Michigan was in default to the City and the City lacked the power to make a contract with the State.

	Ву:	HERBERT A. SANDERS (P- 43031) THE SANDERS LAW FIRM, P. C. Attorney for Plaintiffs
Dated:		

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that a copy of the attached documer served upon all parties and/or attorneys of record and the court Cle respective business addresses by hand delivery on:	rk to the
Signature:	